



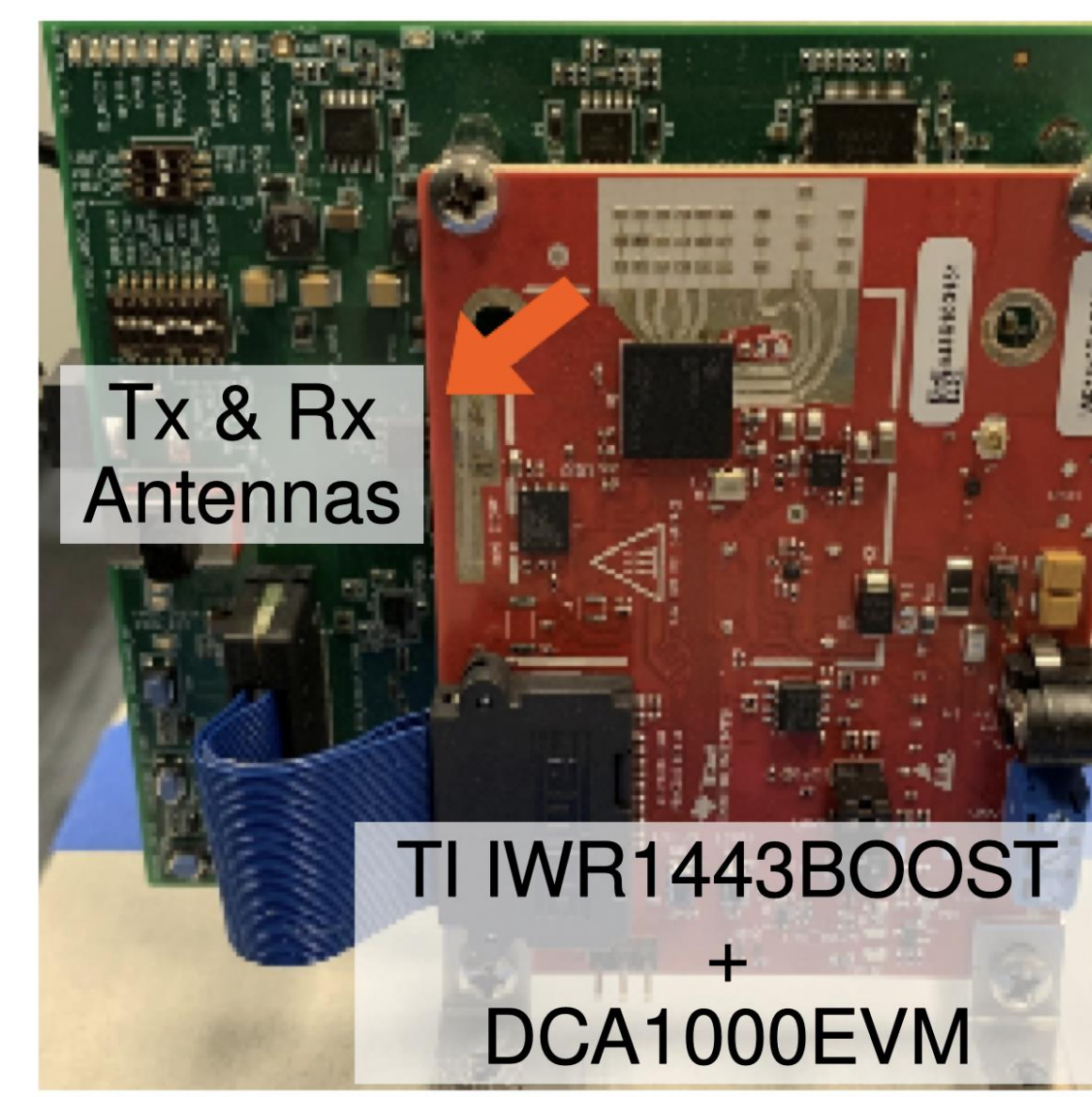
## Introduction

### Objective

Design a **low-cost, non-destructive** system to estimate the *Soluble Sugar Content* (SSC) of fruits using the millimeter-wave (mmWave) wireless technology in 5G-and-beyond devices.

### Motivation

- 1) Fruit's SSC indicates **ripeness**, making it a valuable tool for **quality control** in the fruit production and consumption chain.
- 2) Existing systems require mostly **lab-grade hardware** and **destroy** the fruits in the process.



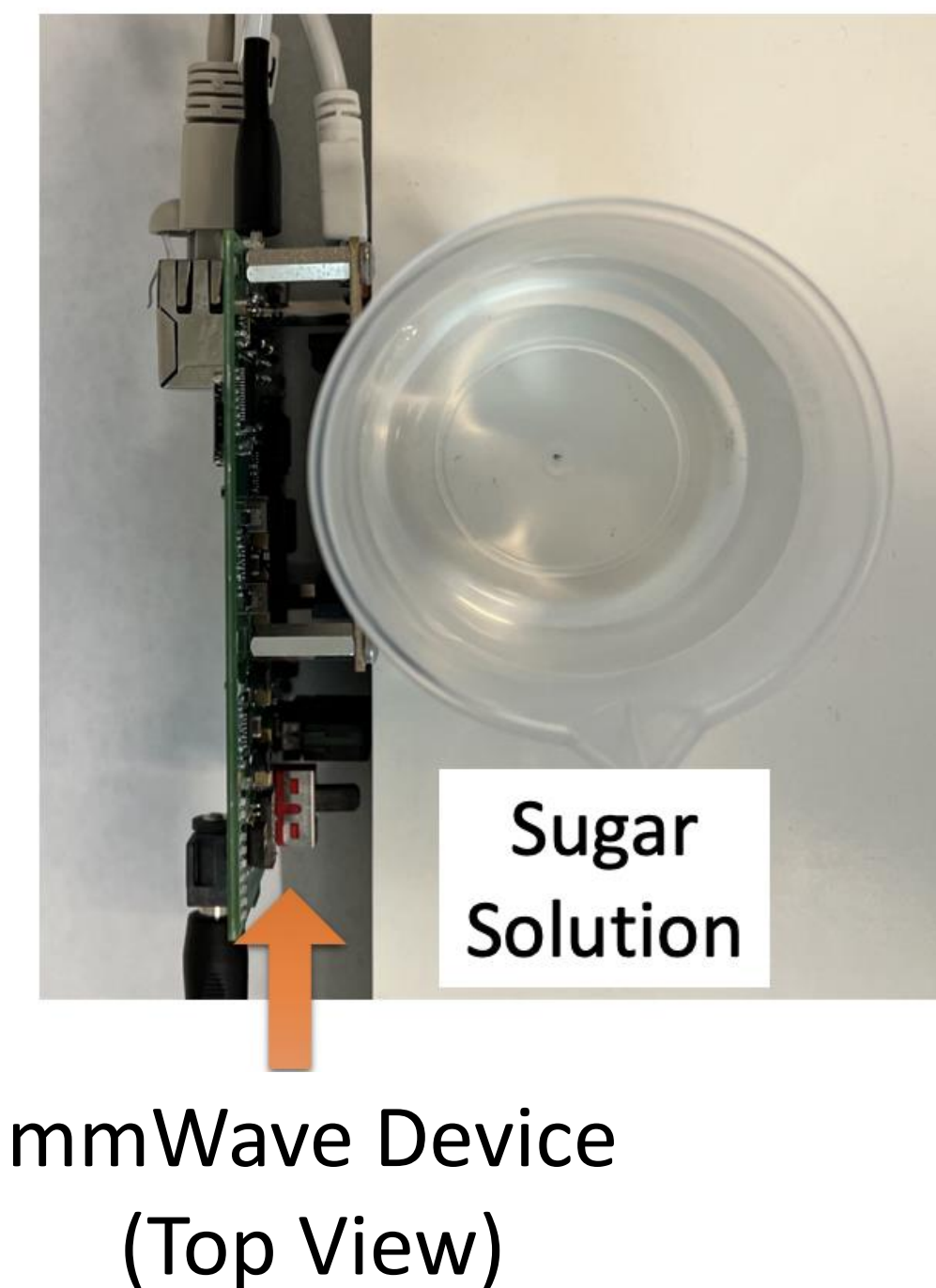
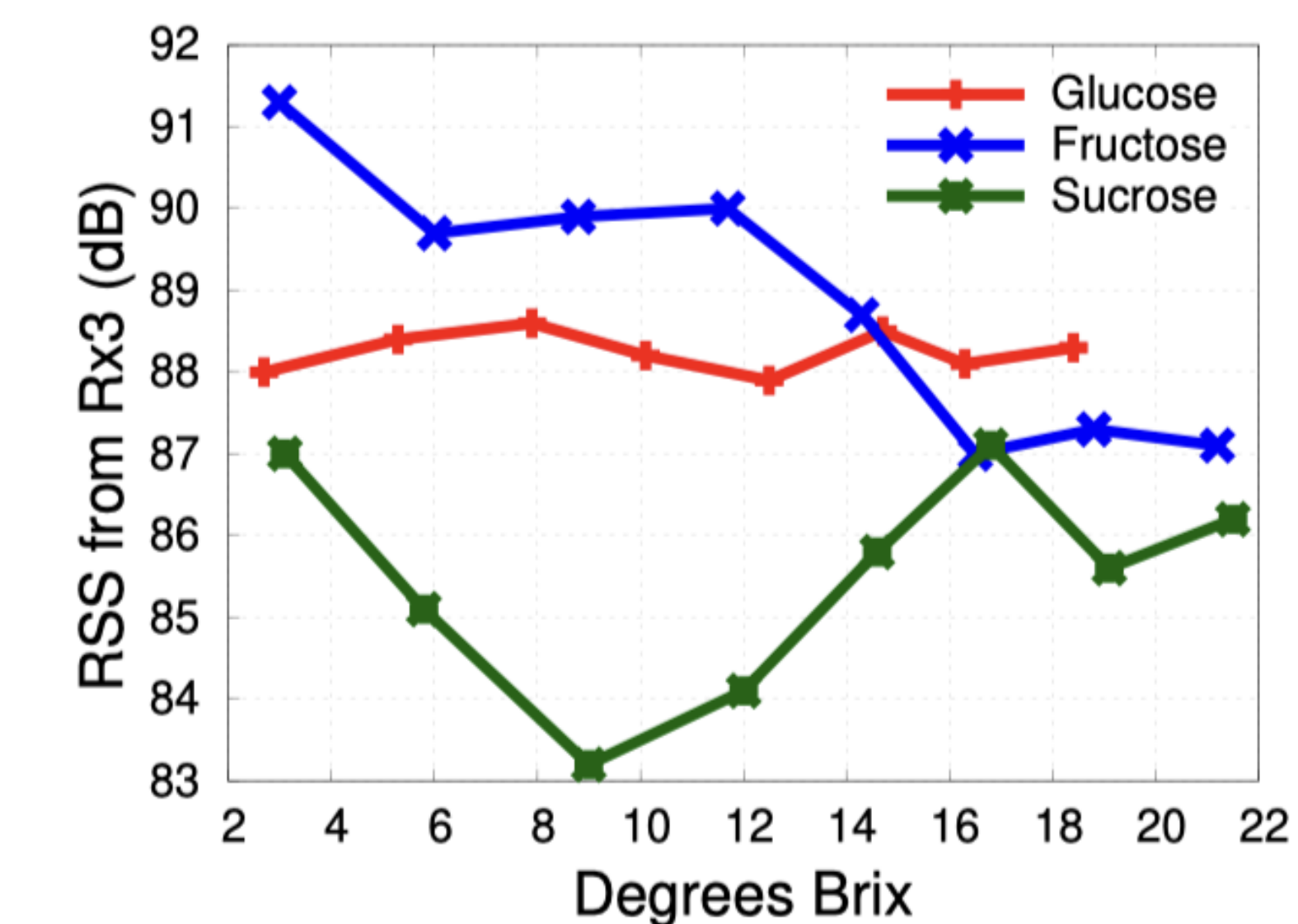
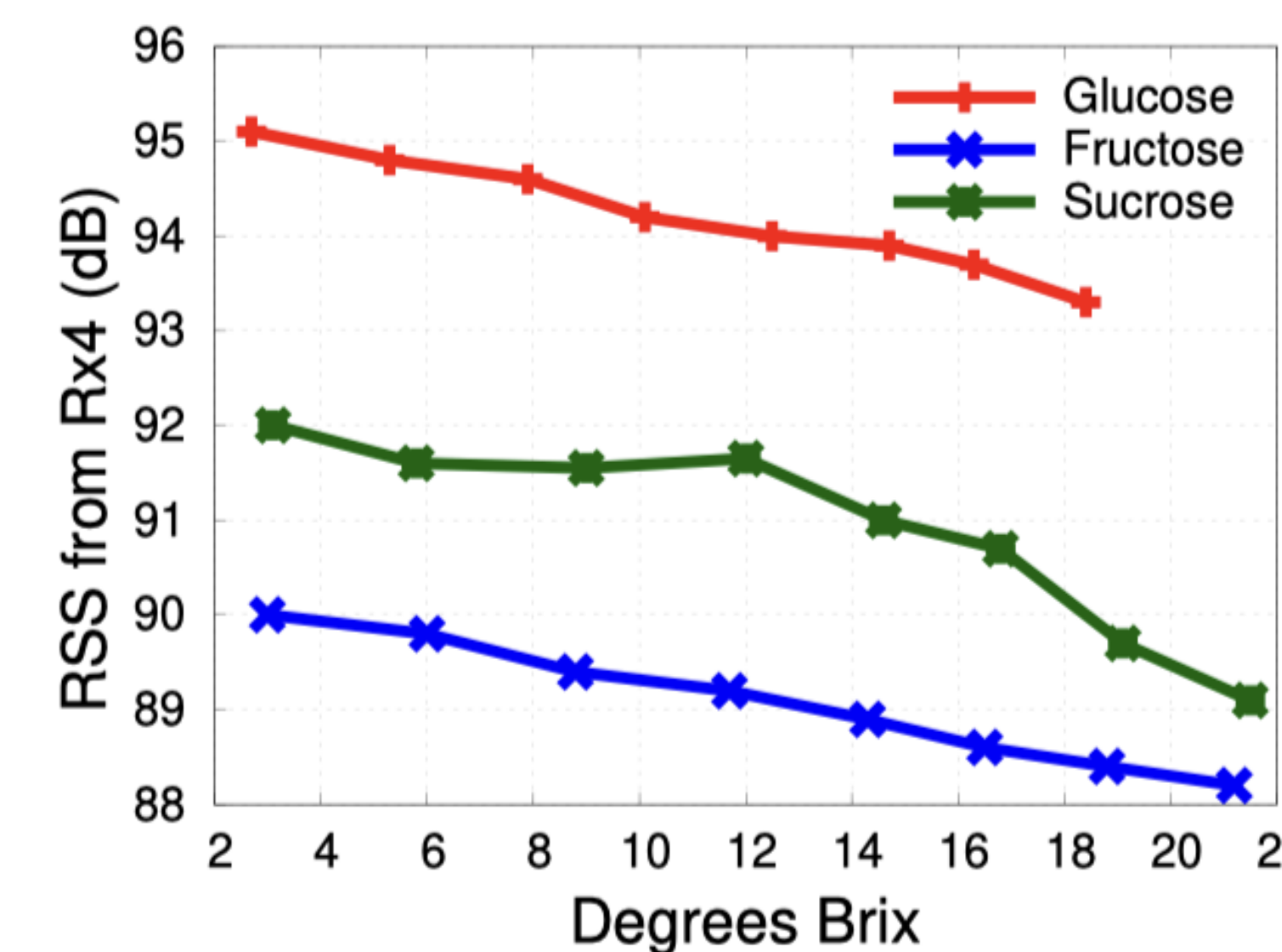
### Challenge

Developing a fruit-agnostic SSC estimation system is hard due to the varied shapes, sizes, and ranges of SSC in different types of fruits.

## Estimating SSC in Controlled Experiments

### How to use mmWave reflection signals for SSC estimation?

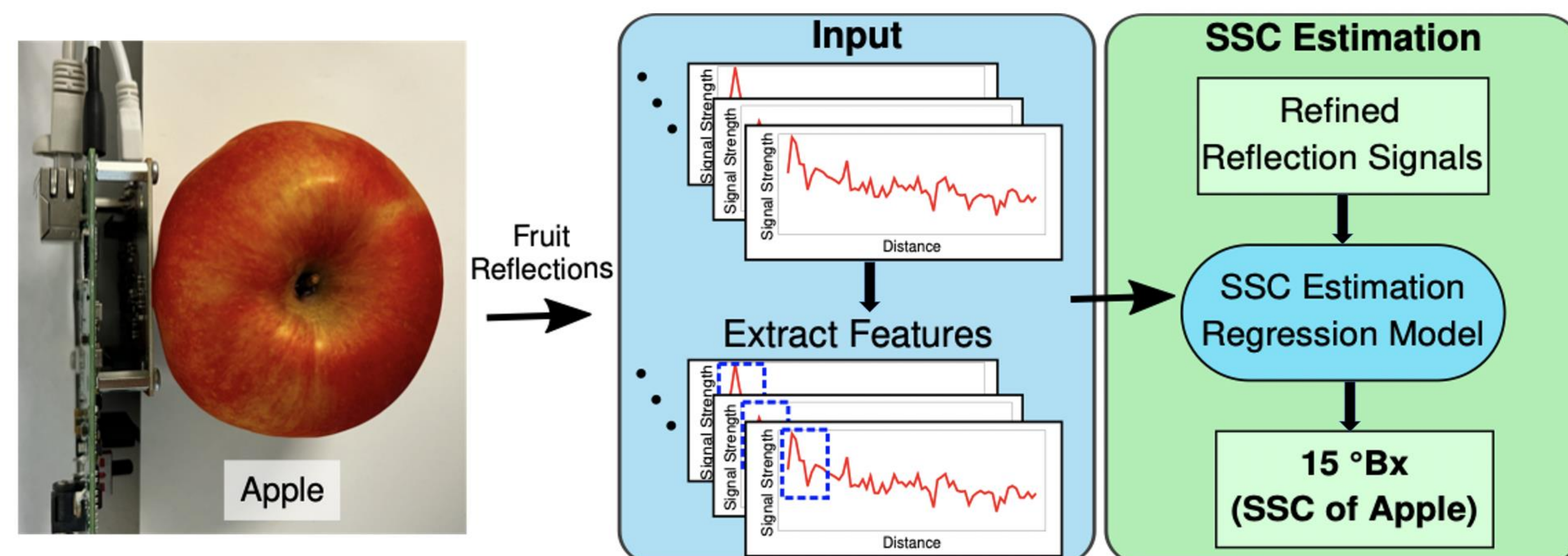
- **Direct** relationship between the strength of the reflected signals ( $A_r$ ) and reflection coefficient ( $r$ ). 
$$\frac{A_r}{A_t} \propto G_r G_t \frac{\lambda}{4\pi(2d)} \cdot r$$
- **Inverse** relationship between  $r$  and SSC.
- Assessed this relationship using sugar solutions.
- Single antenna pair inadequate for estimating SSC.



## Estimating SSC in Fruits

### Estimating SSC in fruits using sugar solution data

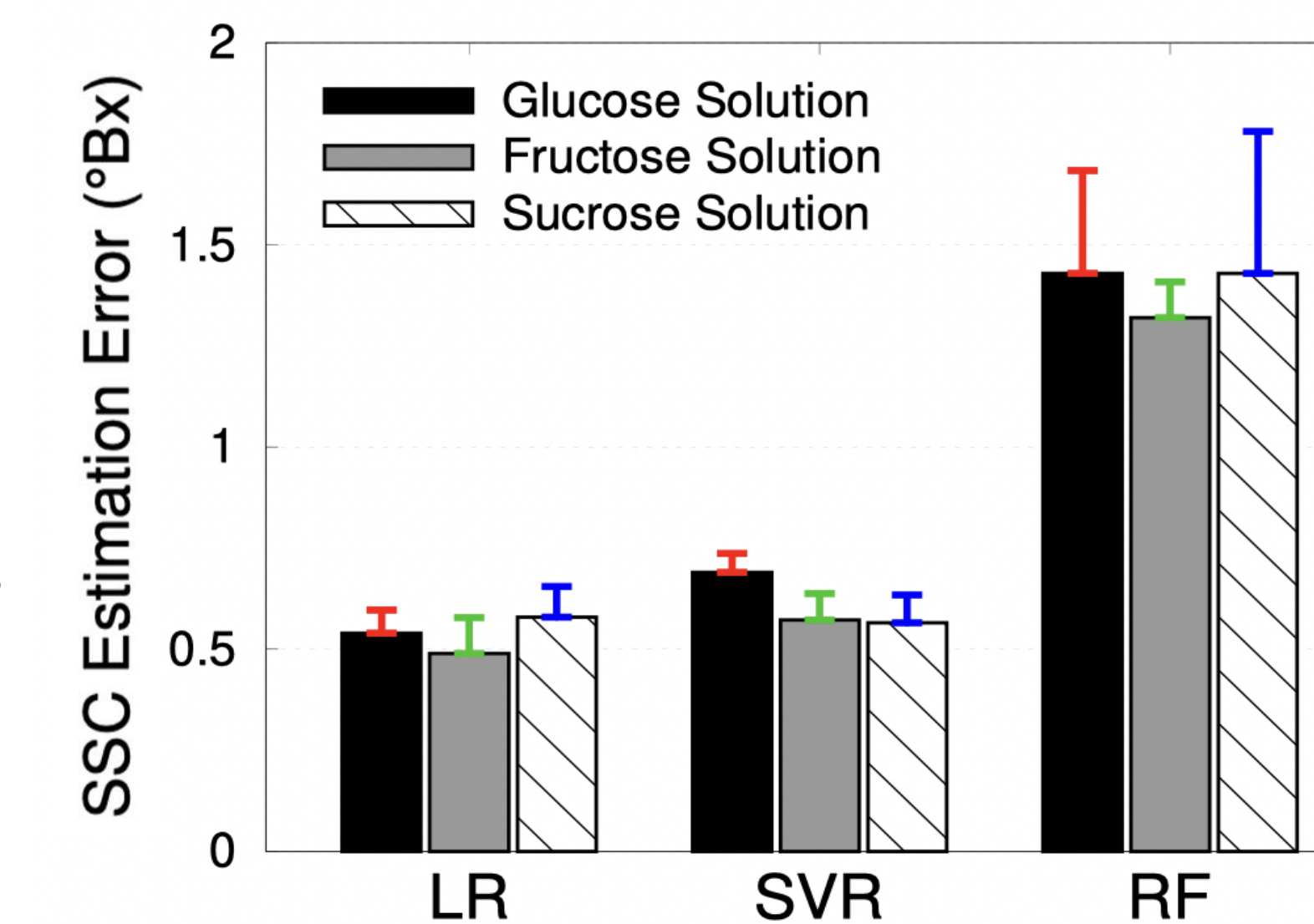
- Collect reflections from **multiple pairs** of Tx and Rx.
- Extract time domain and frequency domain features such as **mean amplitudes** and **signal strengths** from the reflection profiles.
- Train **regression models** using these features and ground truth SSC.
- Test the models on real fruits.



## Preliminary Results

### SSC estimation performance

- Train **Linear Regression (LR)**, **Support Vector Regression (SVR)**, and **Random Forest Regression (RF)** with 360 sugar solution samples.
- Testing with LR on 90 sugar solution samples yields an average error of **0.54 °Bx**.
- Testing with LR on 130 samples of apples, oranges, and kiwis yields an error of **1.43 °Bx**.



### Conclusion and Future Work

- *SSCense* estimates SSC in a non-destructive manner.
- Exploration of Generative Adversarial Networks to map fruit reflected signals to similar sugar reflected signals for improving performance.