

MUST: WiFi-Assisted 60 GHz Wireless Networks

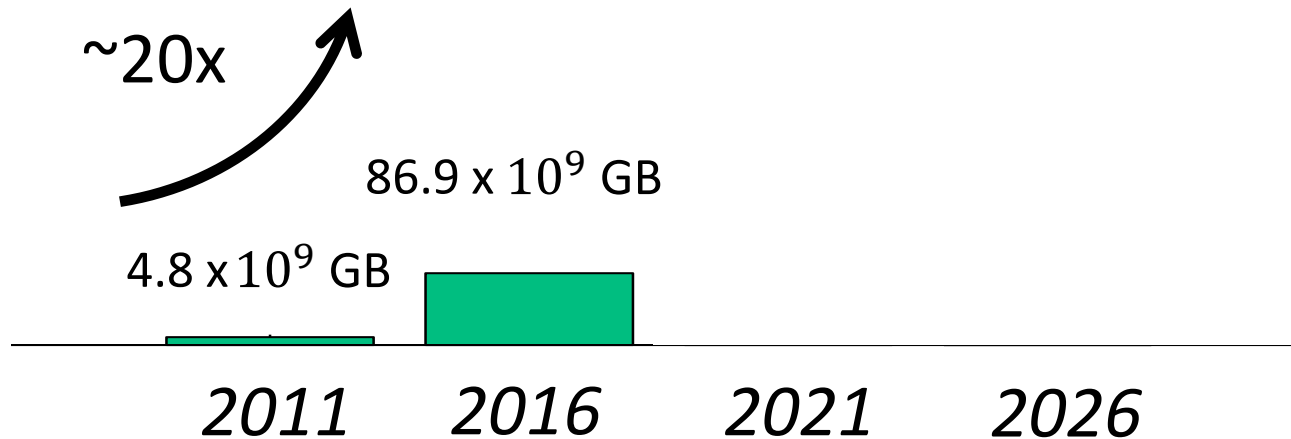
Sanjib Sur, Ioannis Pefkianakis, Xinyu Zhang, Kyu-Han Kim

ACM MobiCom 2017



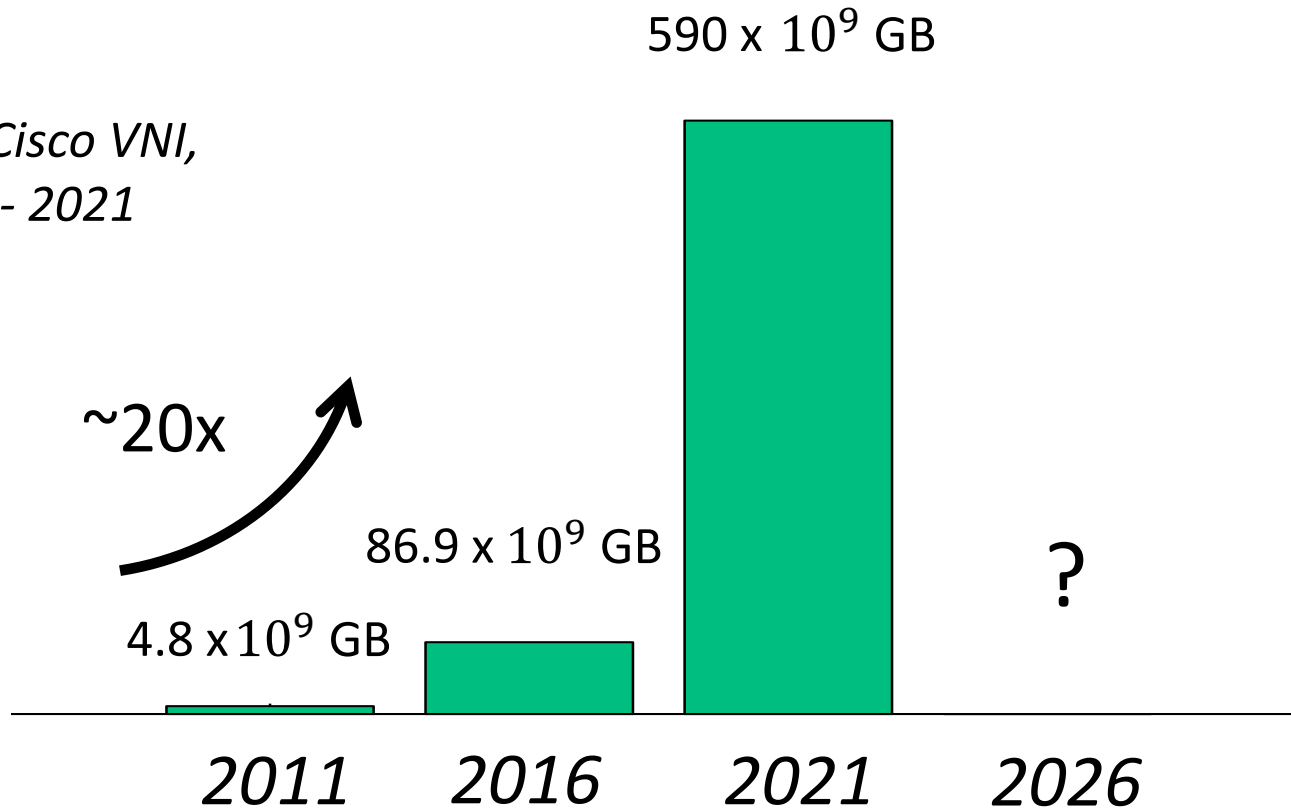
Global demand for mobile data is skyrocketing

*Source: Cisco VNI,
2016 - 2021*



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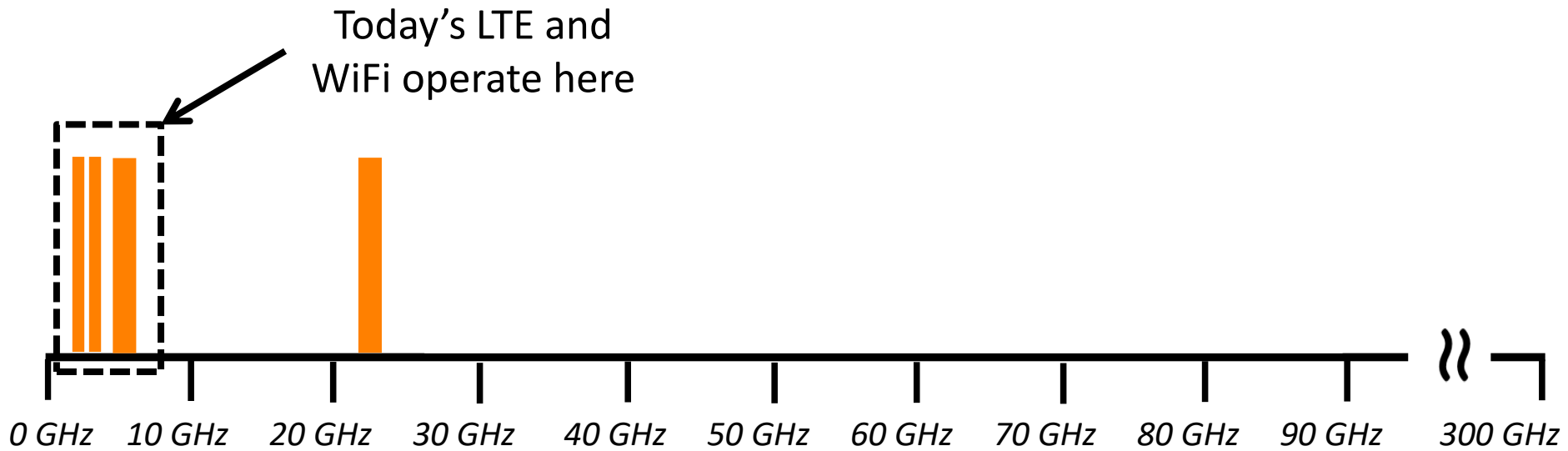
Nearly **10x** increase in next 5 years and
possibly **100x** in the next 10 years

Millimeter-wave spectrum

Large *unlicensed spectrum* at millimeter-wave

Millimeter-wave spectrum

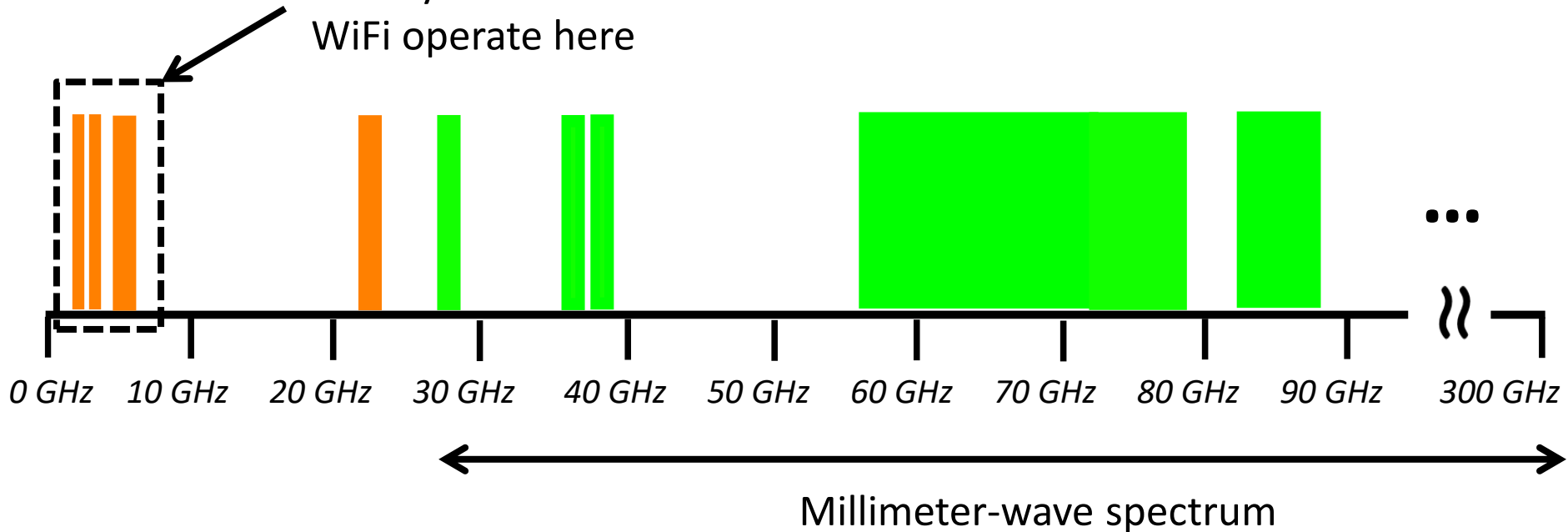
Large *unlicensed spectrum* at millimeter-wave



Millimeter-wave spectrum

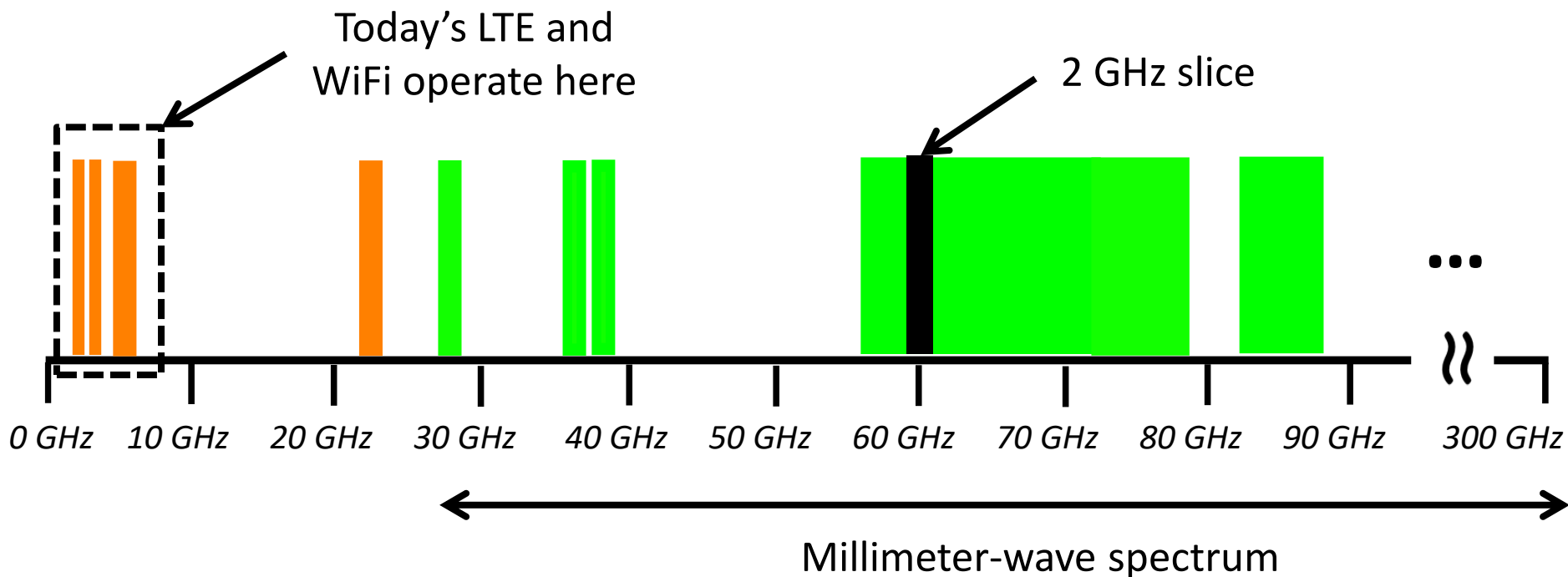
Large *unlicensed spectrum* at millimeter-wave

Today's LTE and
WiFi operate here



60 GHz millimeter-wave spectrum

Large *unlicensed spectrum* at millimeter-wave



Off-the-shelf devices offer up to **7 Gbps** of wireless bit-rate!

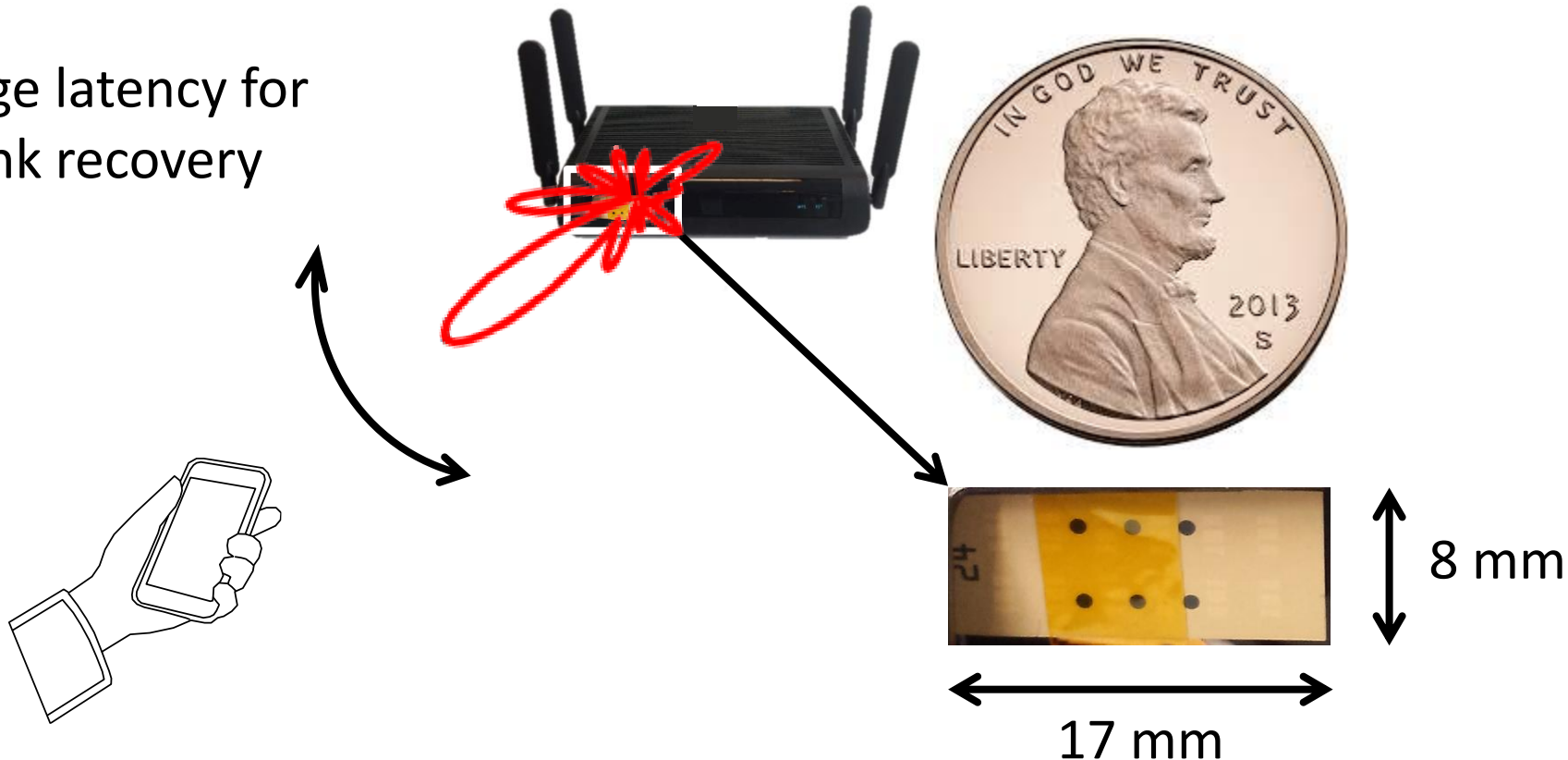
60 GHz link challenges

60 GHz link challenges

Link adaptation

60 GHz radios use phased-array antenna to focus the signal energy towards one direction

Large latency for link recovery



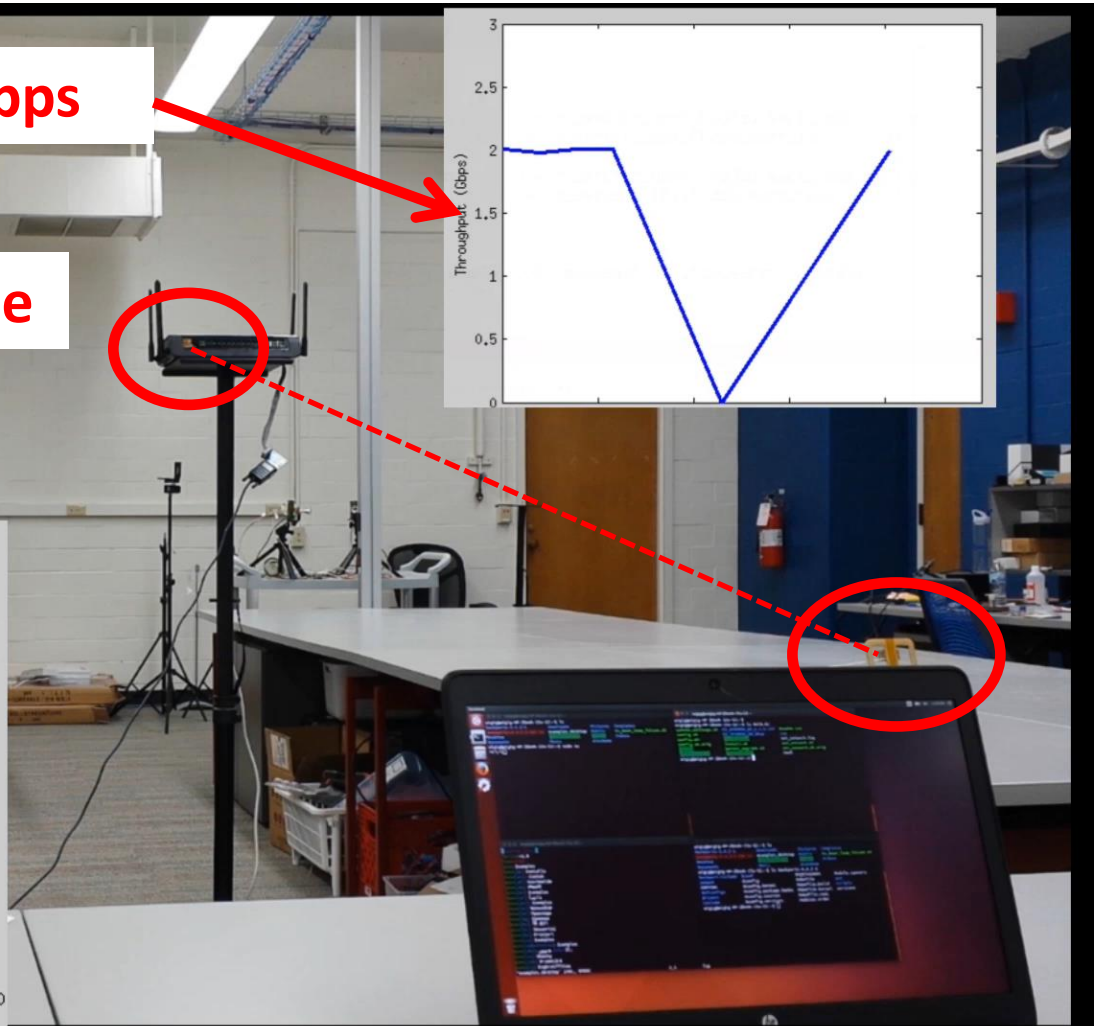
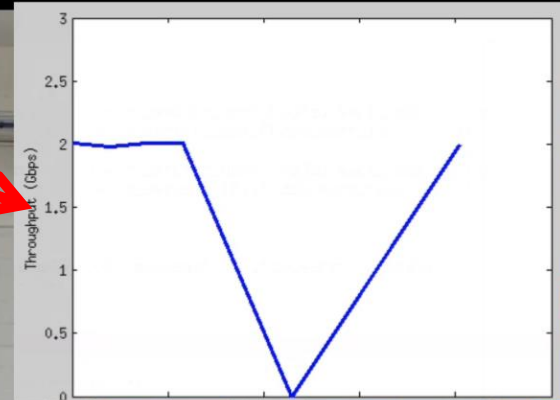
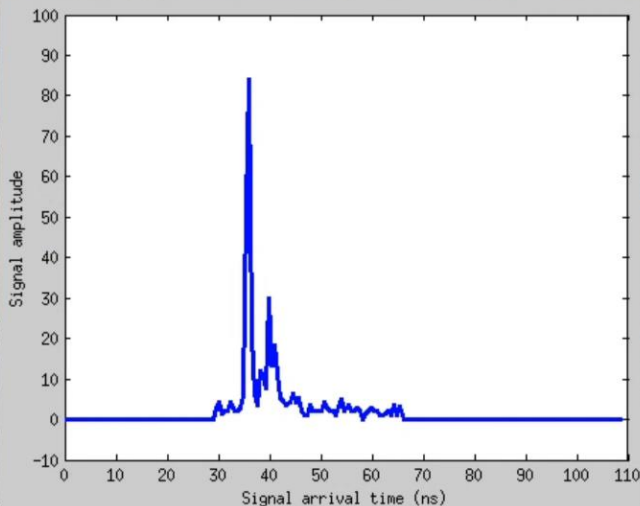
60 GHz link challenges

Blockage

Even aligning the beams does not guarantee link connectivity

Link throughput > 2 Gbps

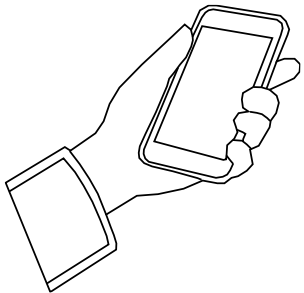
60 GHz signal amplitude



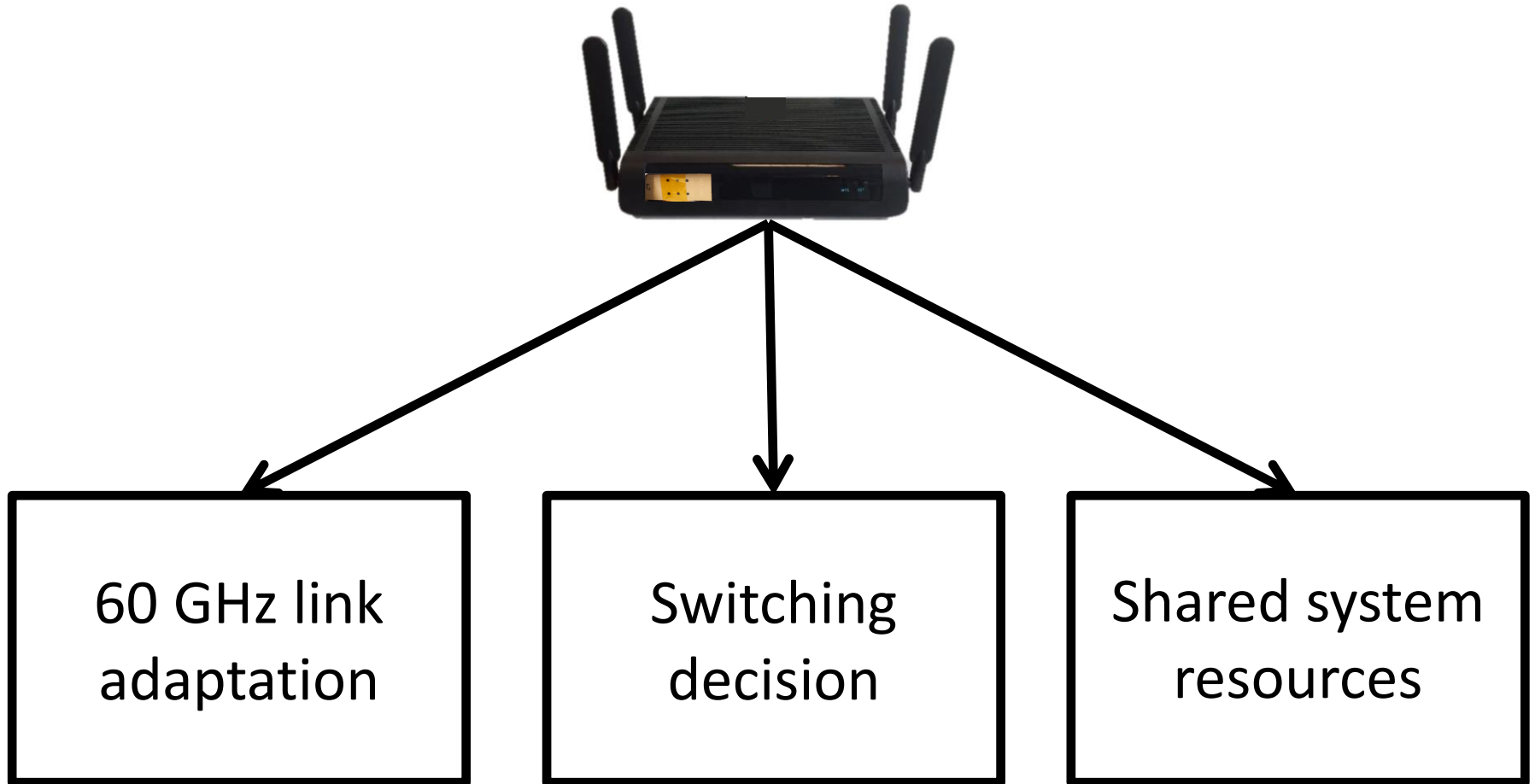
Multi-band cooperation for stable 60 GHz link



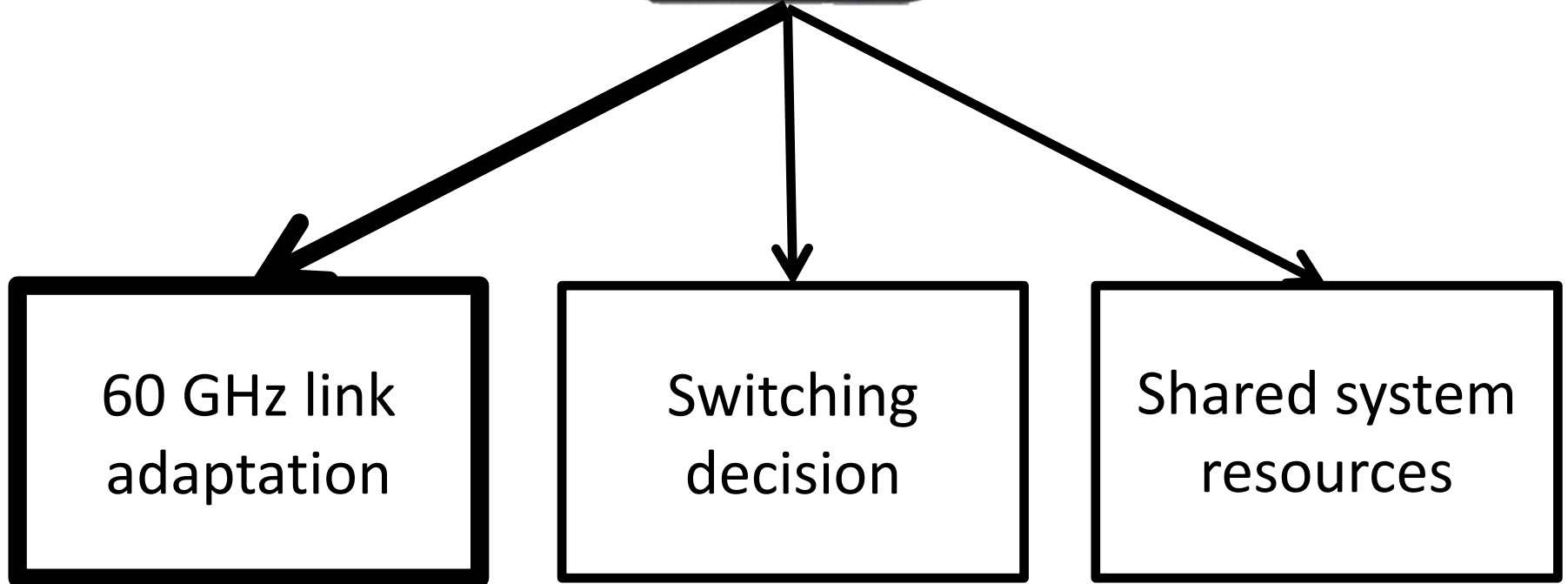
MUST design principle: WiFi as an anchor
for stable 60 GHz link



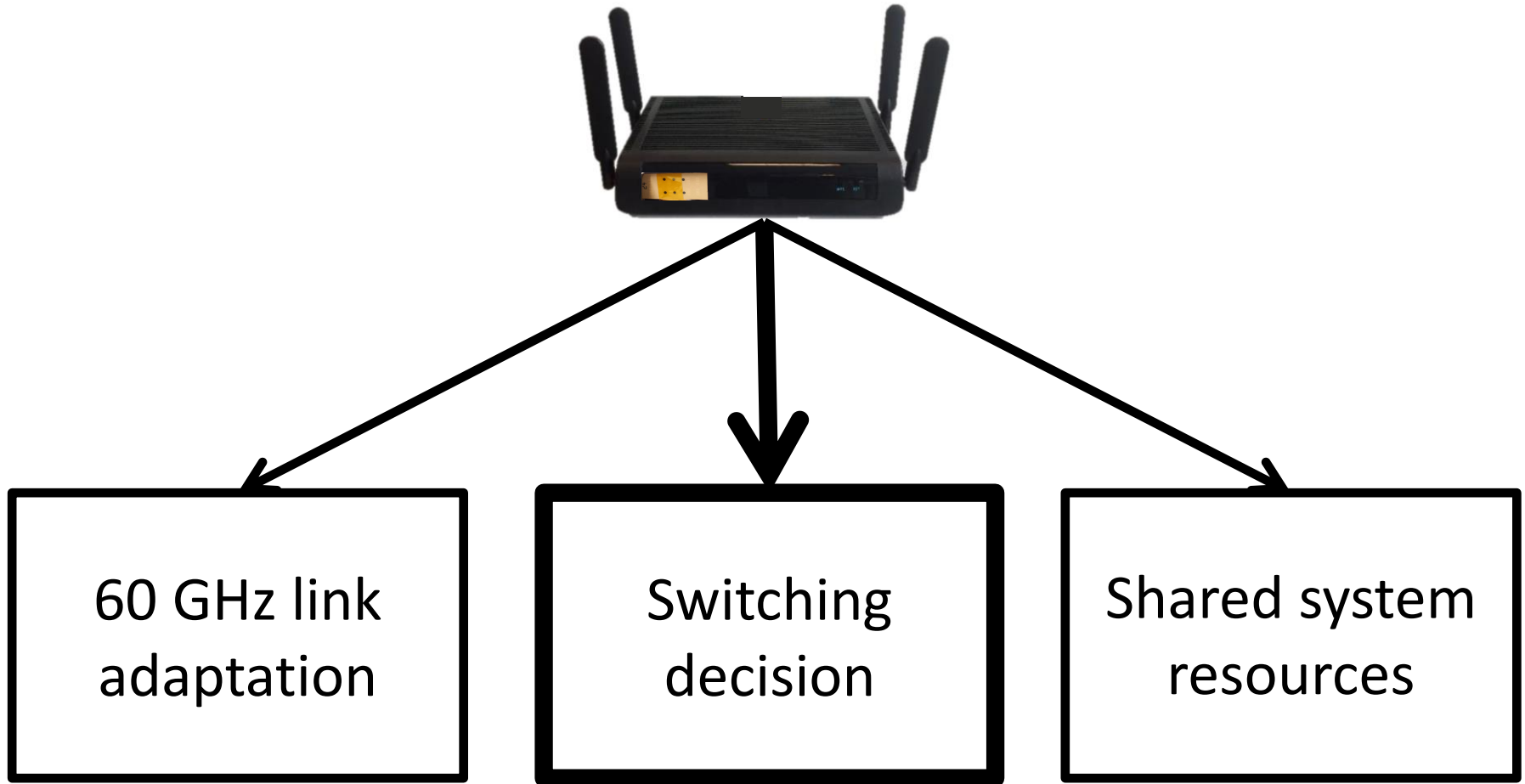
Challenges for multi-band cooperation



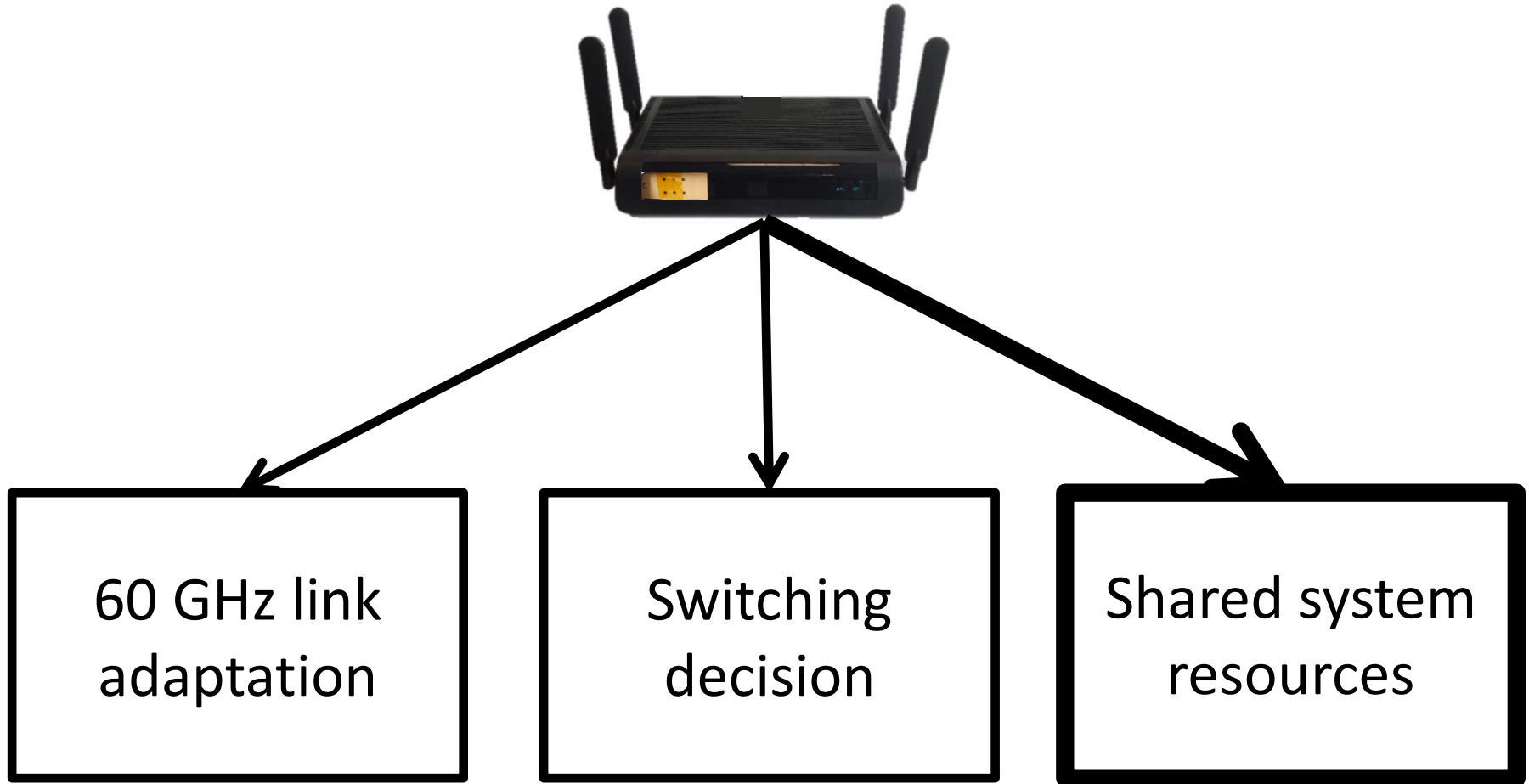
Challenges for multi-band cooperation



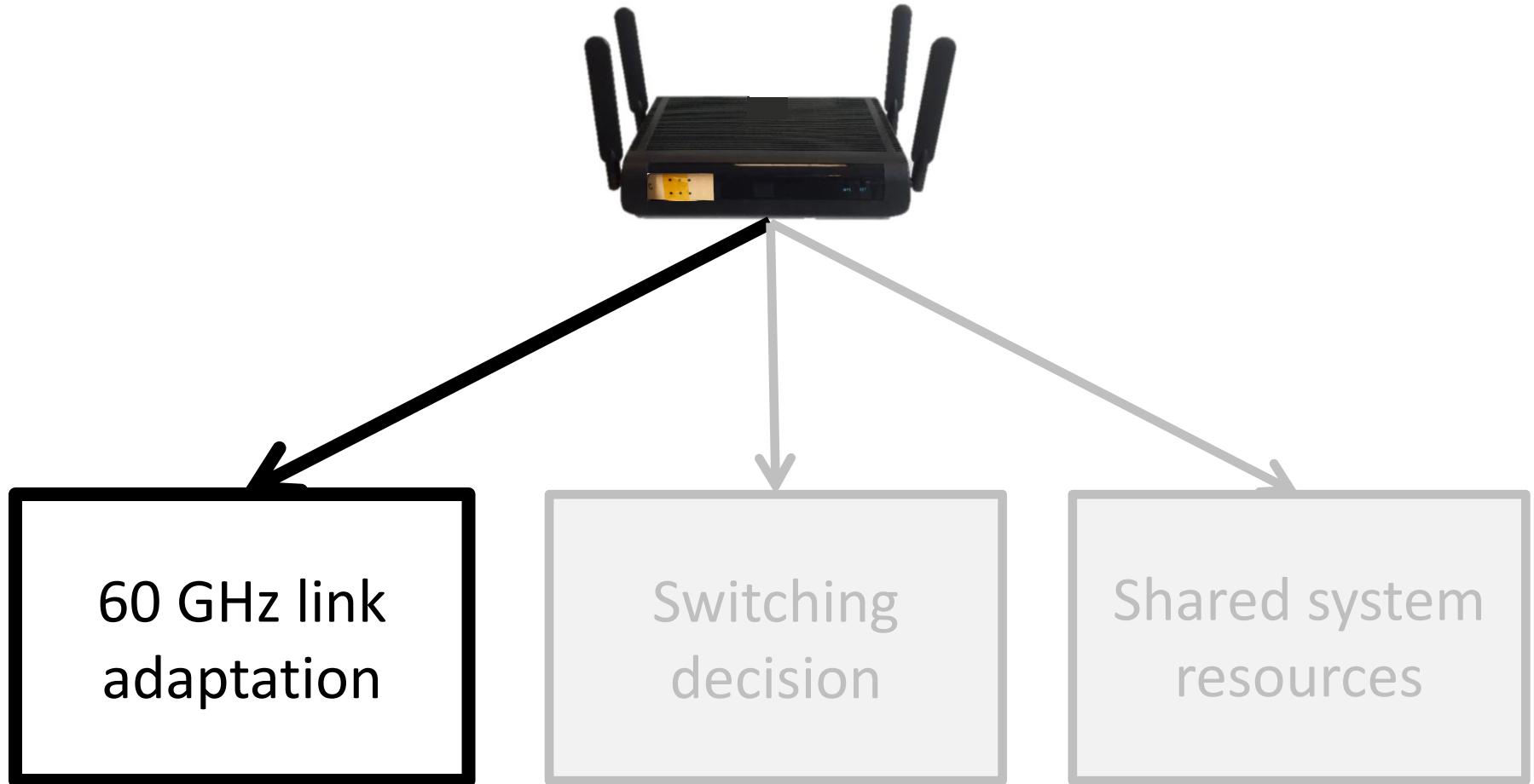
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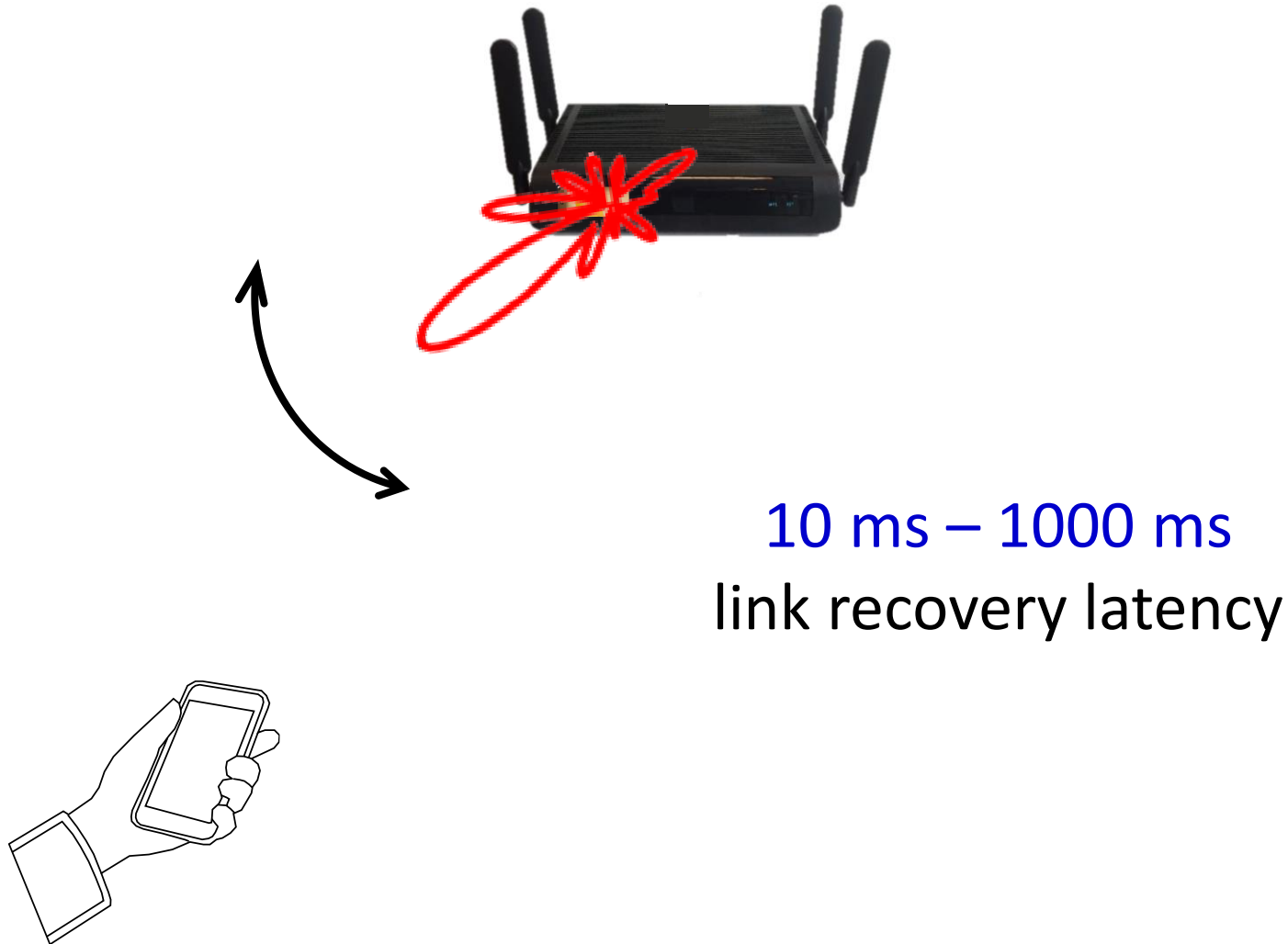
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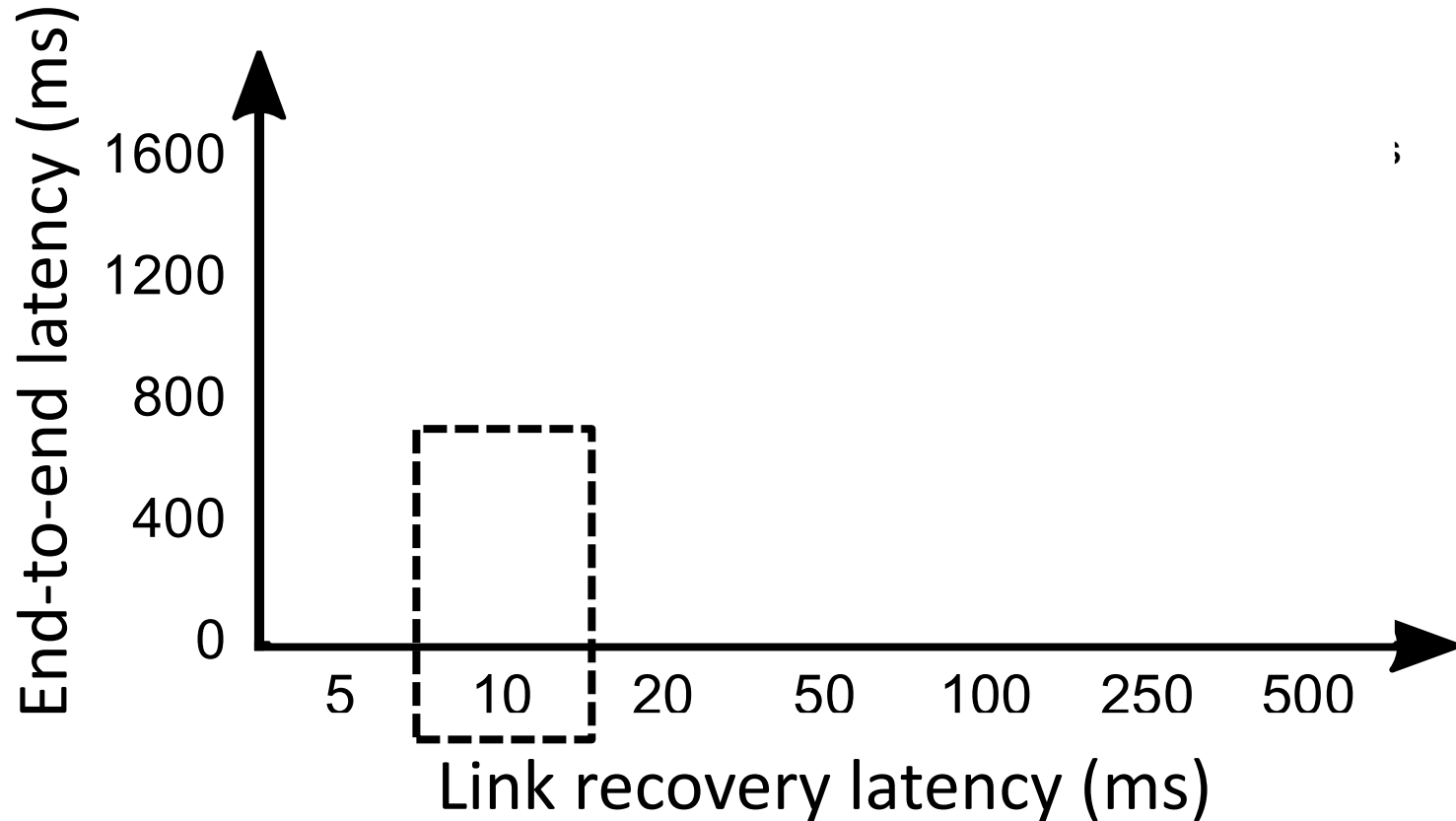
Challenges for multi-band cooperation



Challenge: 60 GHz link adaptation

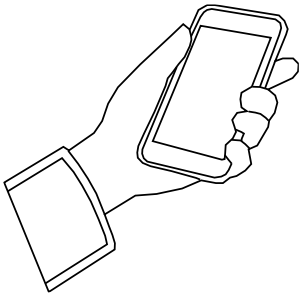


Link recovery latency amplifies Gbps TCP end-to-end latency



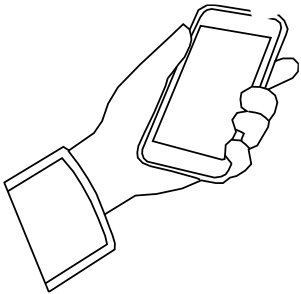
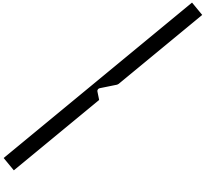
Even **10 ms** recovery latency amplifies TCP end-to-end by **10x**!

MUST proactive link adaptation

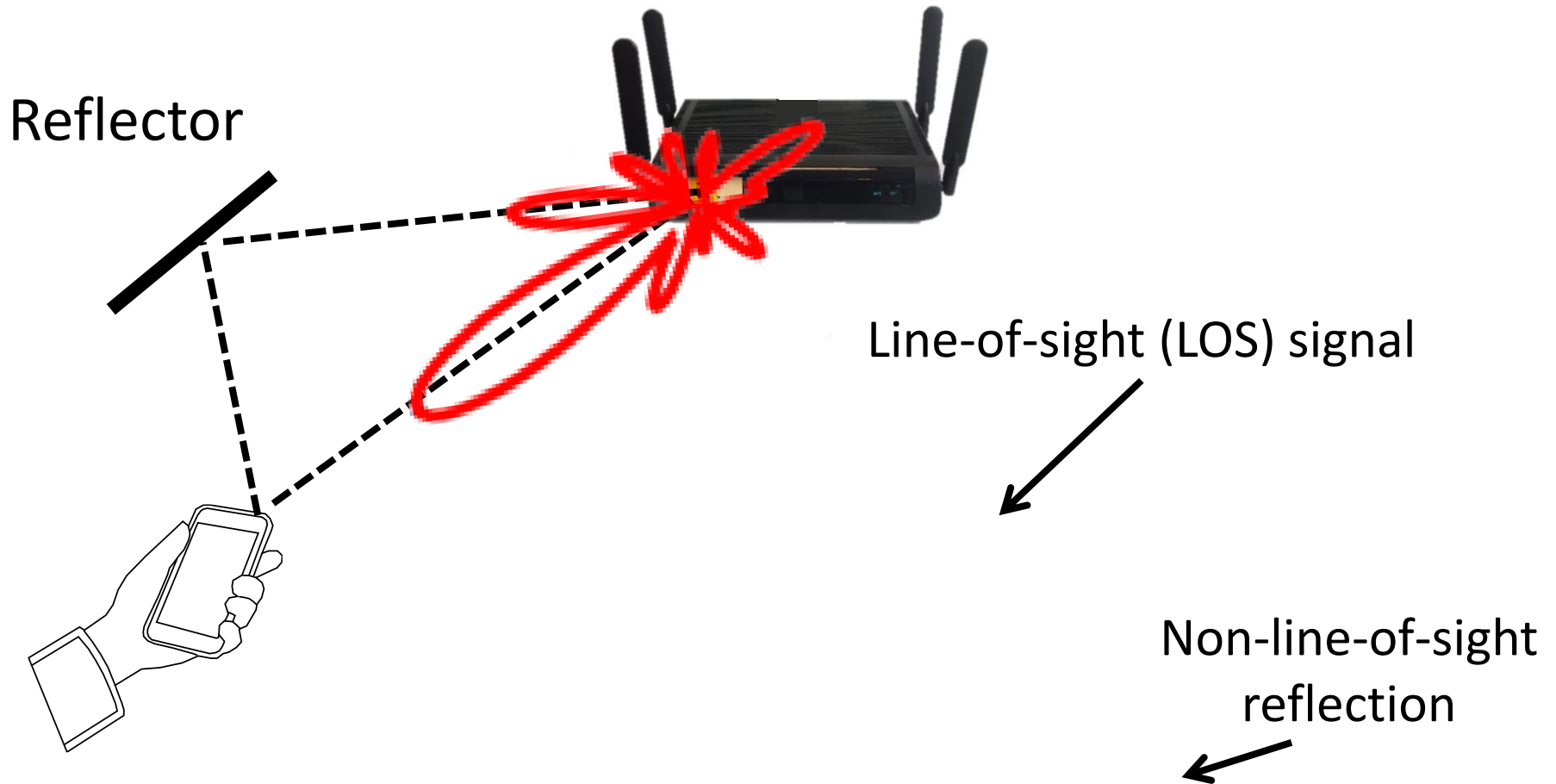


MUST proactive link adaptation

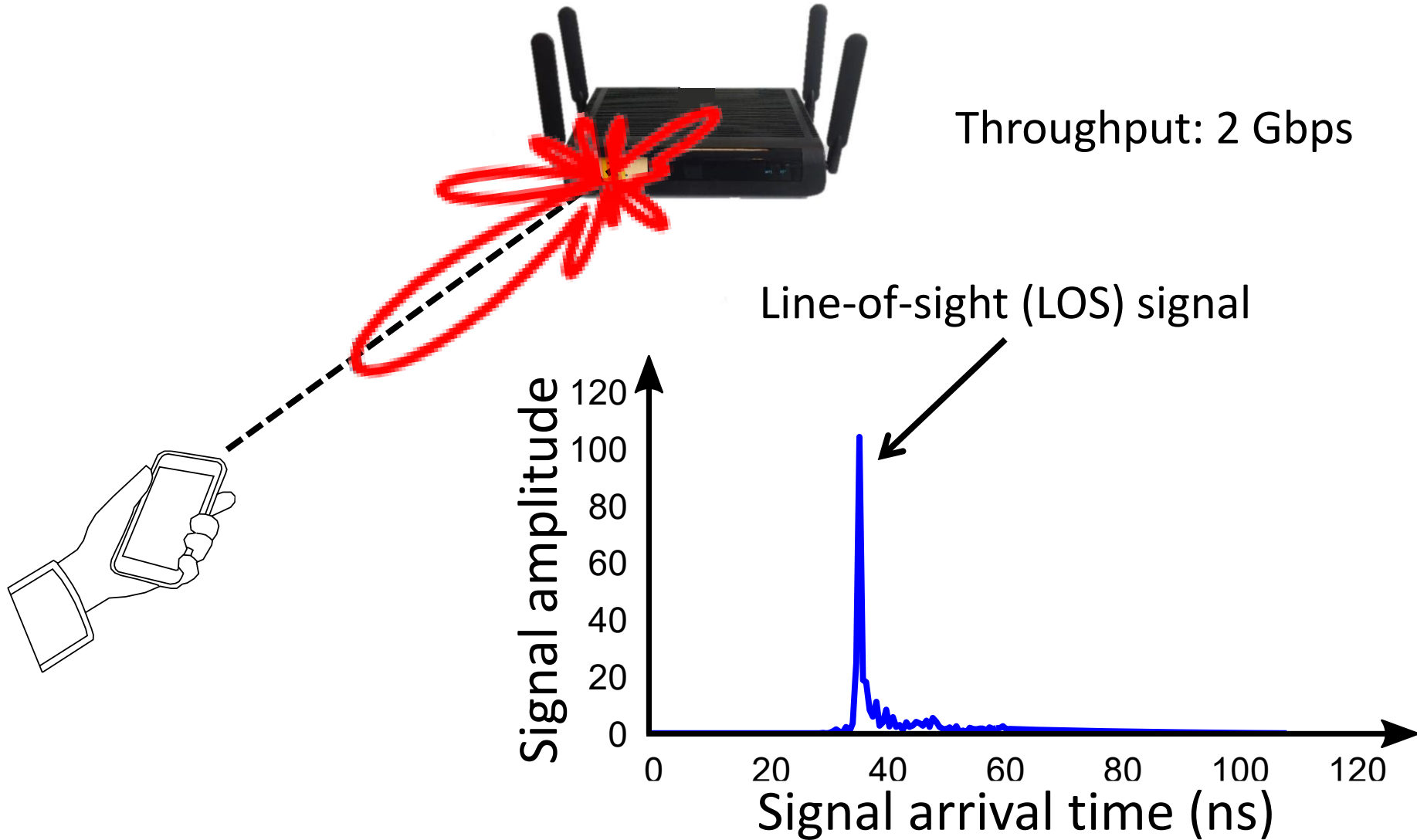
Reflector



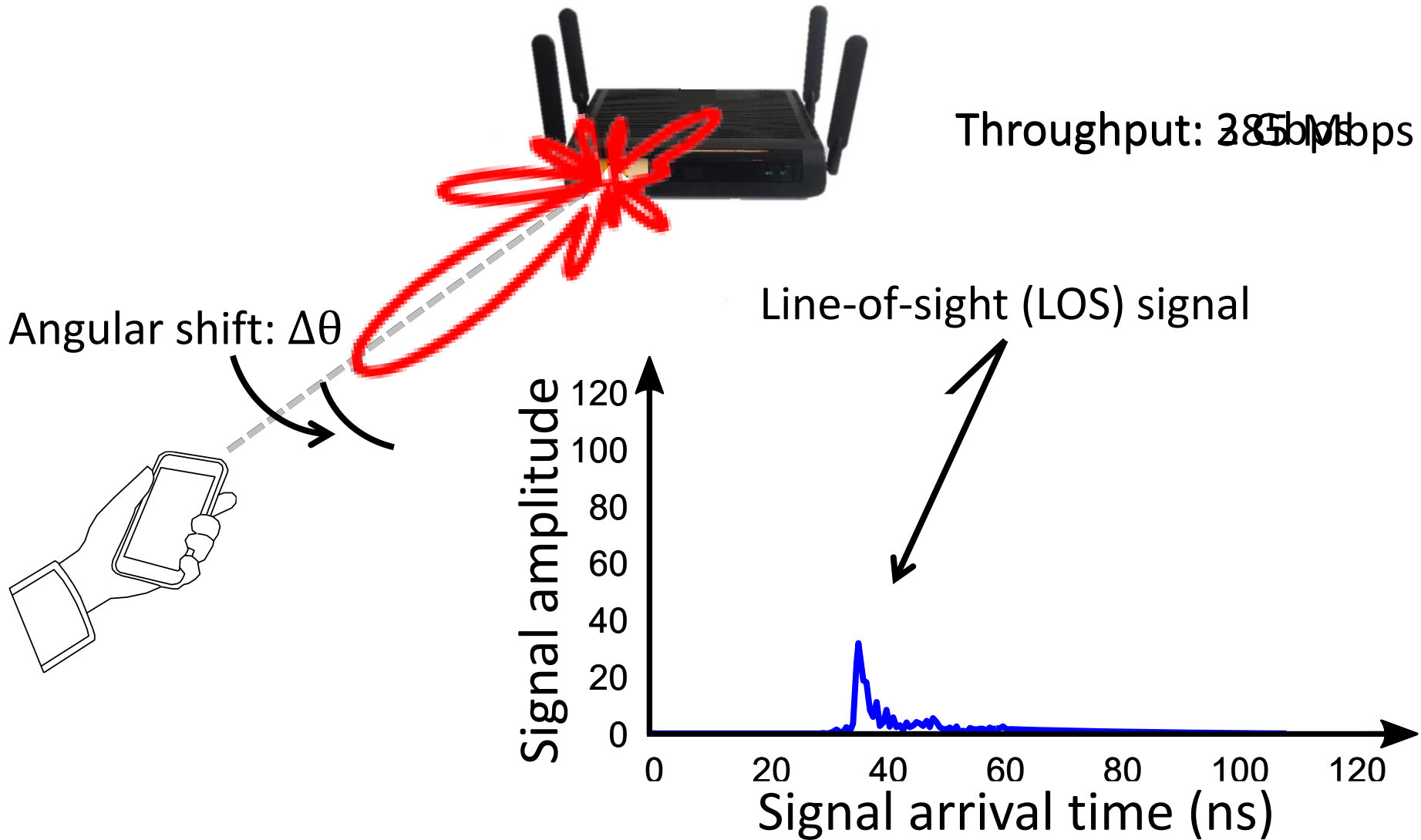
MUST proactive link adaptation



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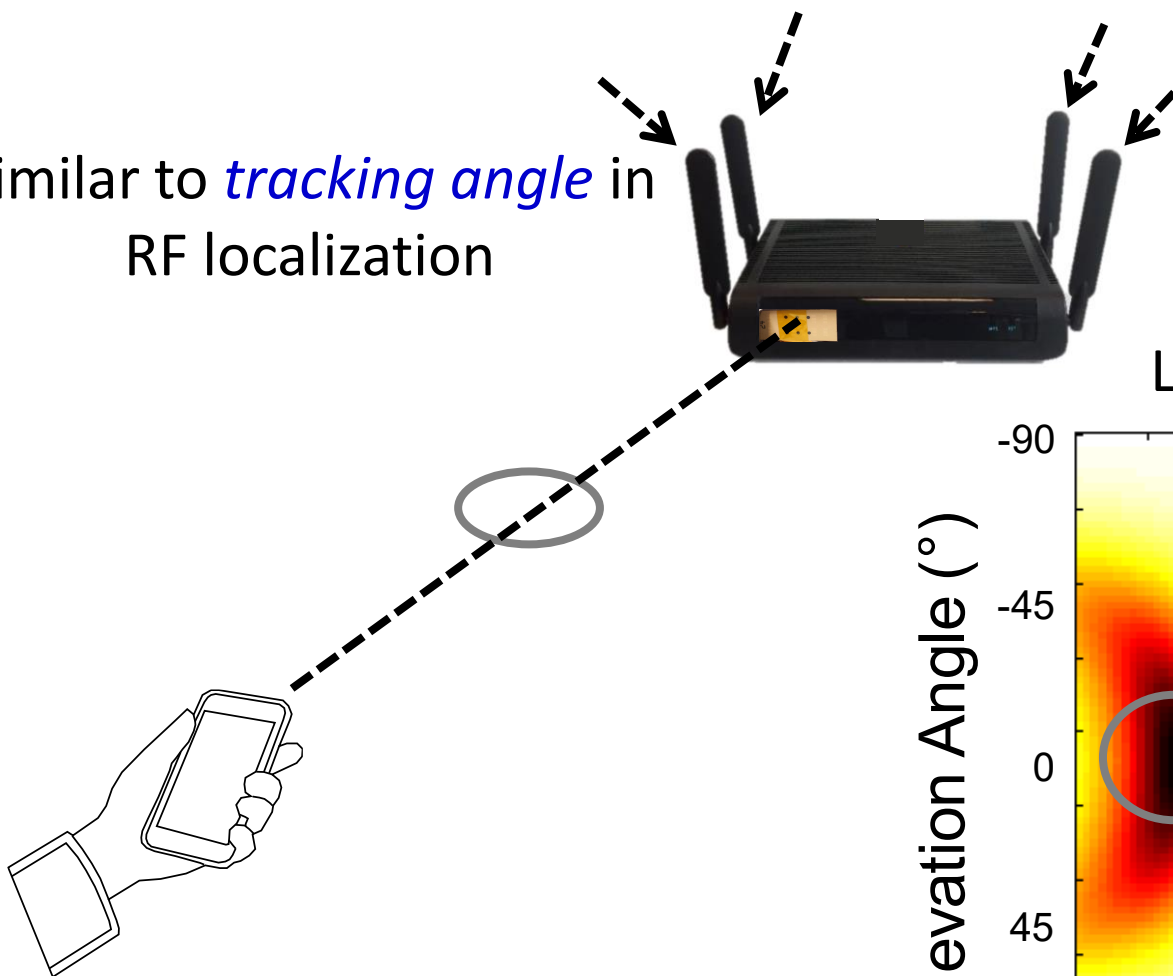


MUST proactive link adaptation

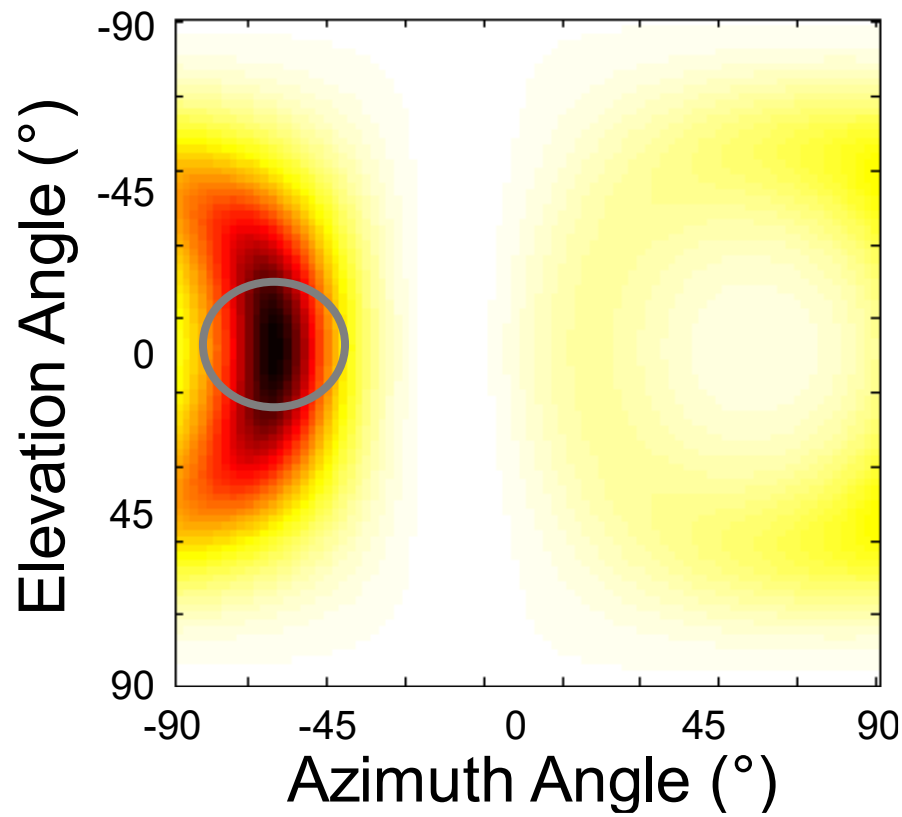


WiFi-assisted LOS path tracking

Similar to *tracking angle* in
RF localization

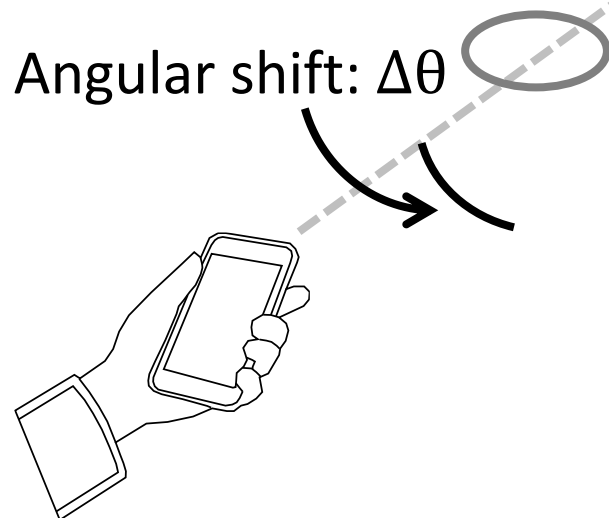


Likelihood of LOS path

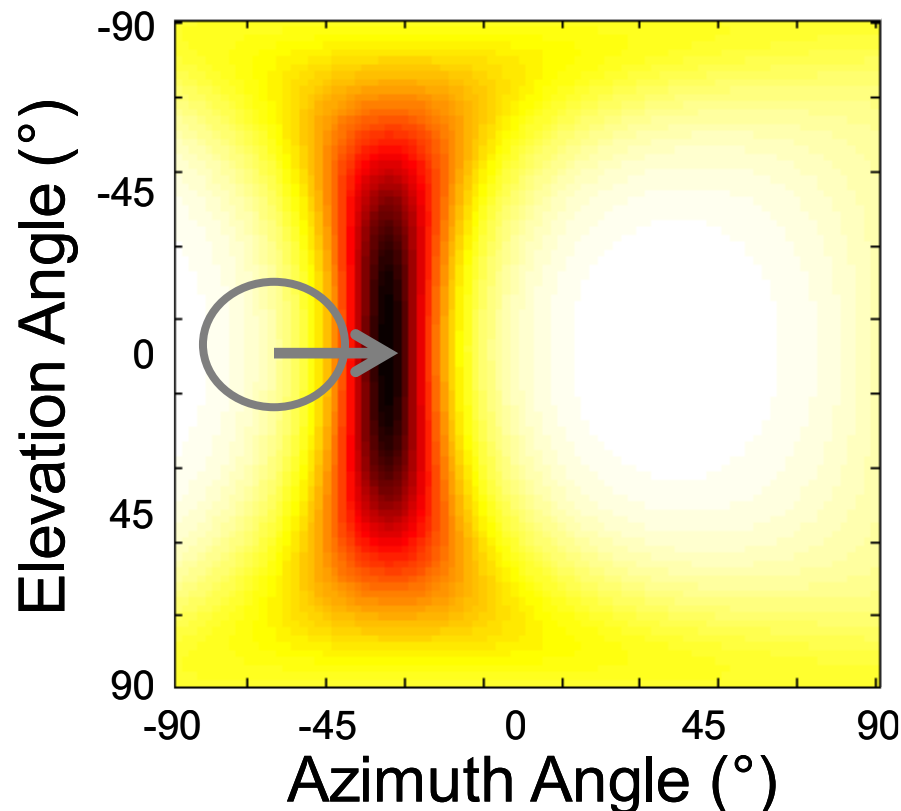


WiFi-assisted LOS path tracking

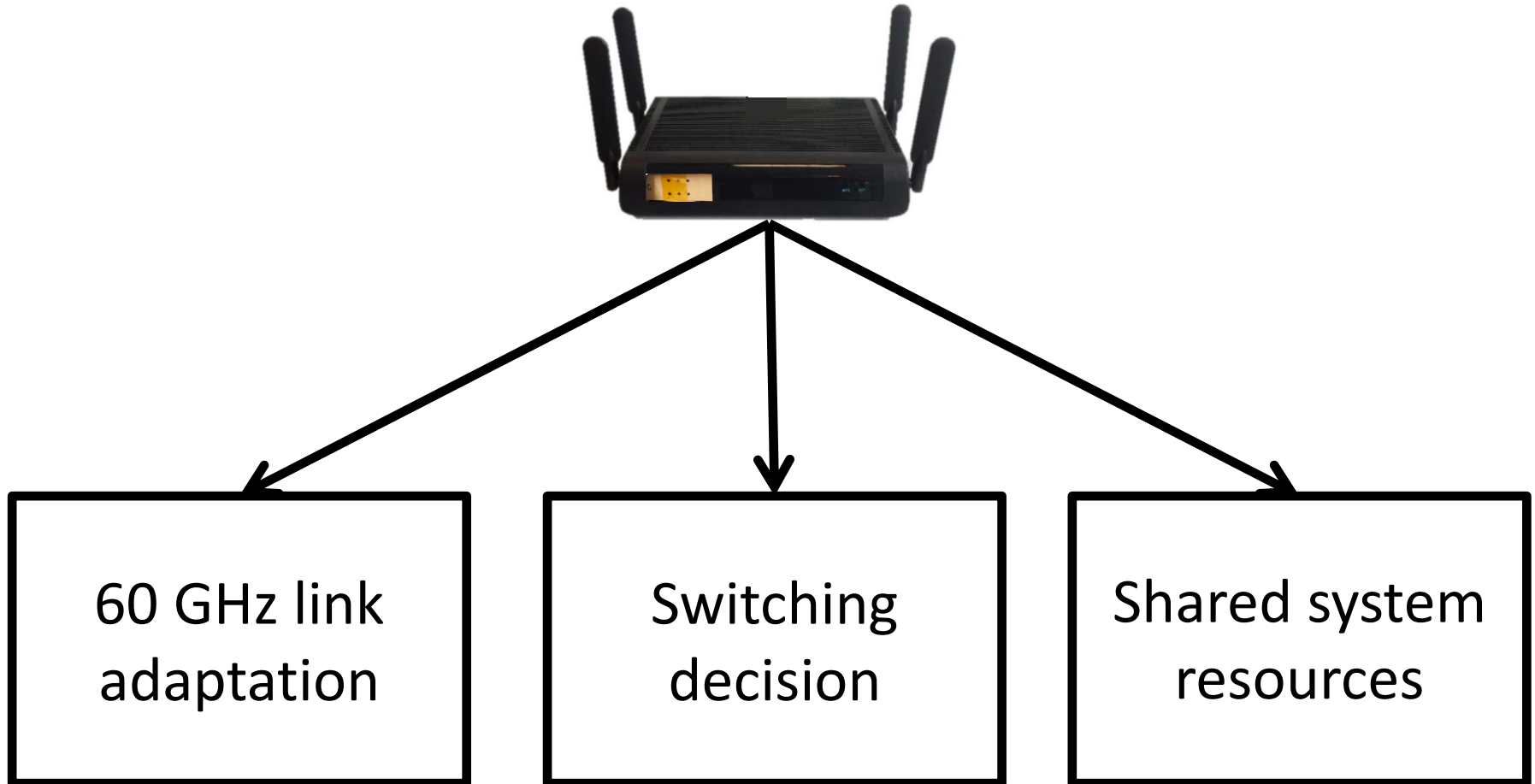
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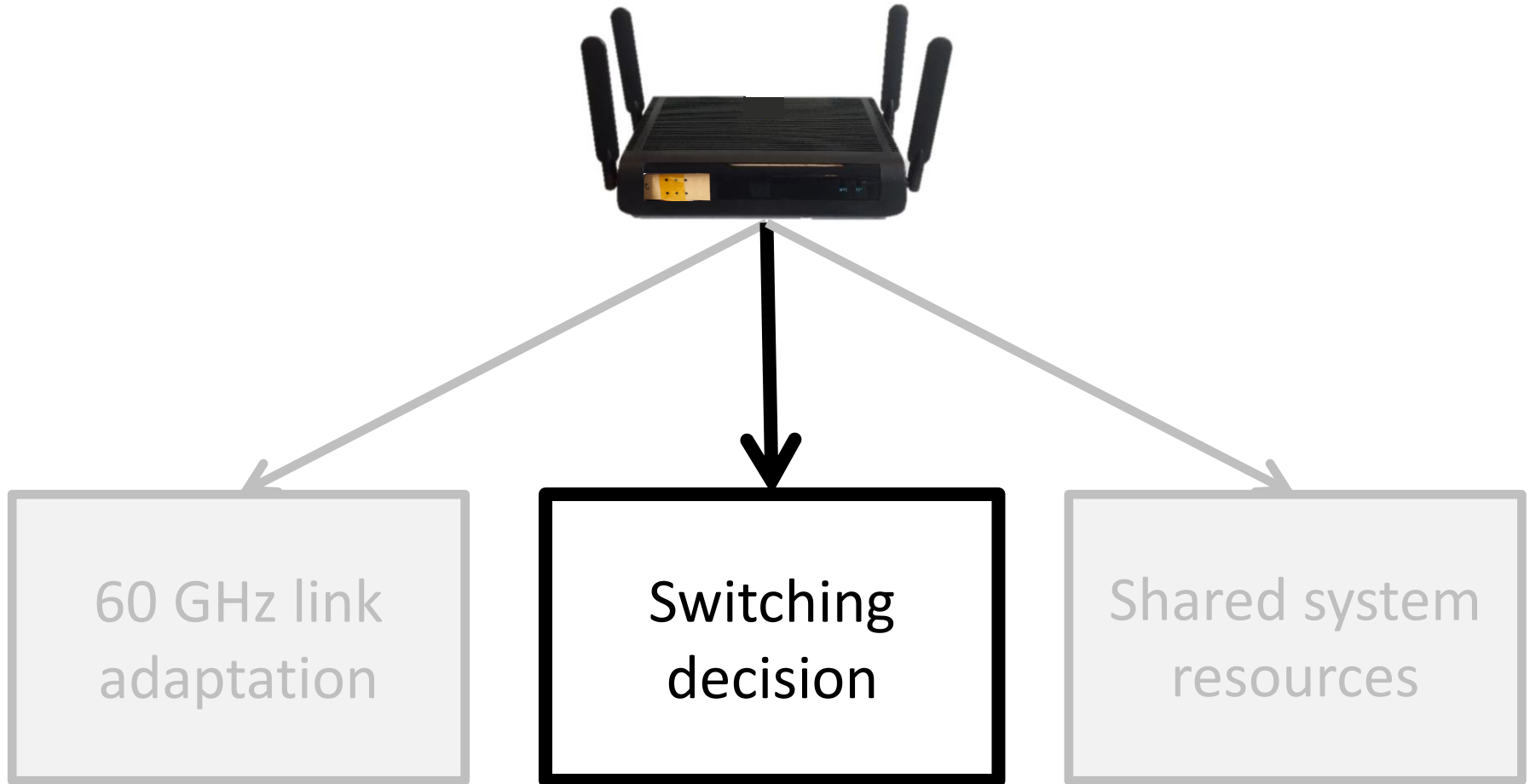
Likelihood of LOS path



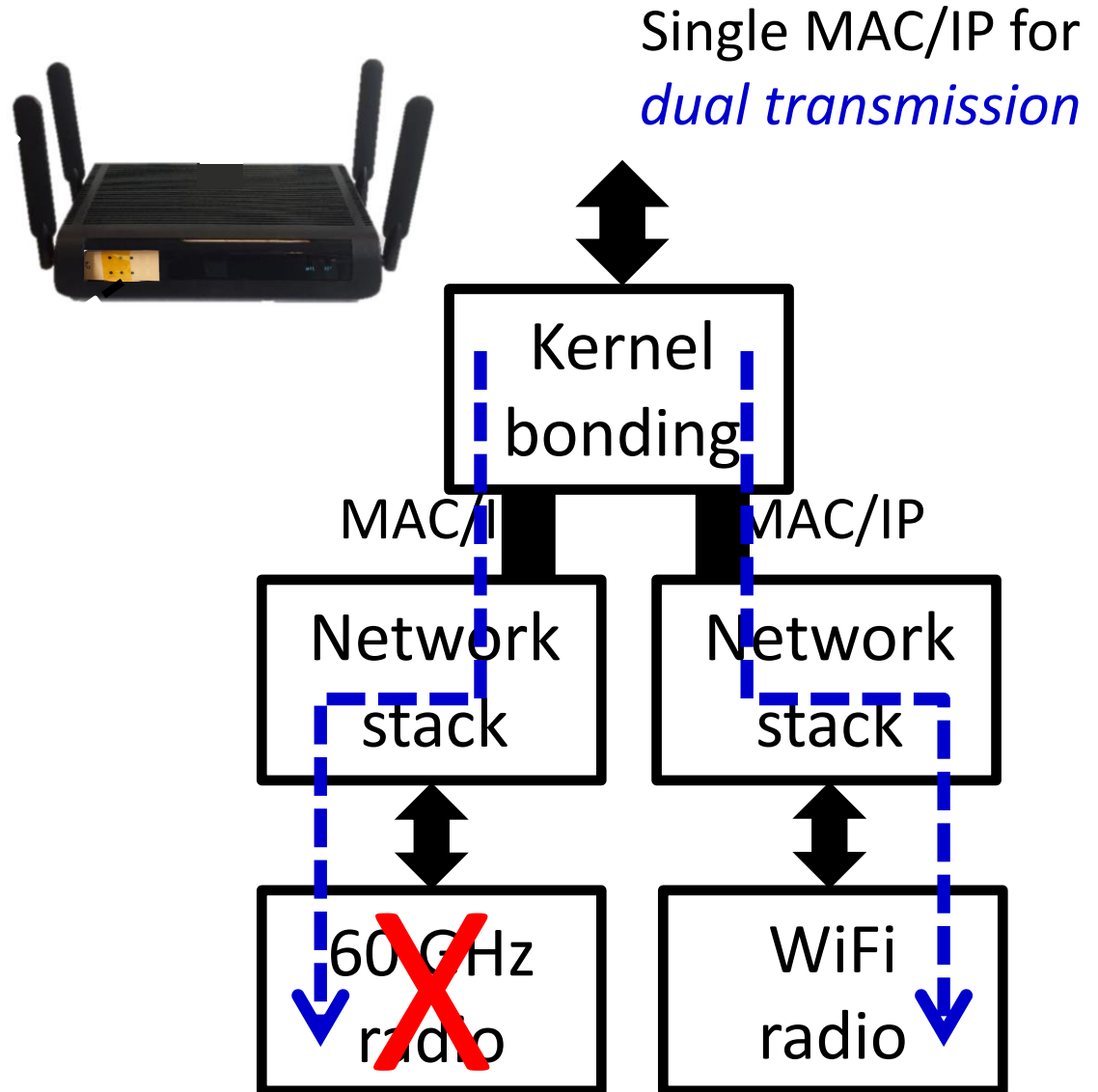
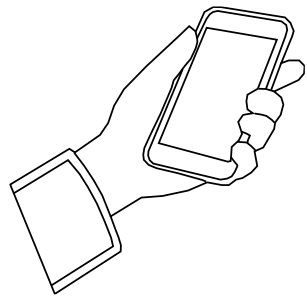
Challenges for multi-band cooperation



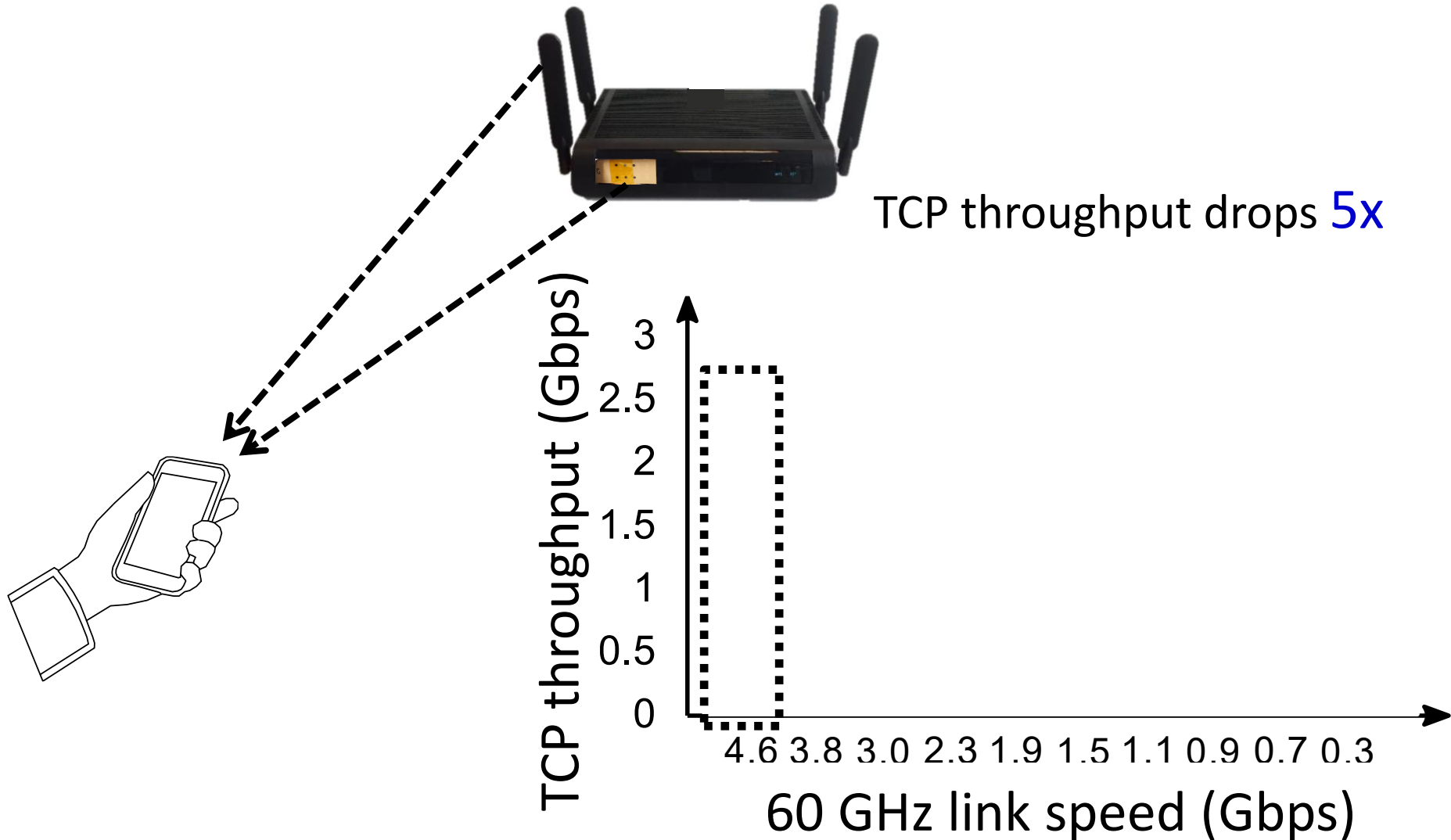
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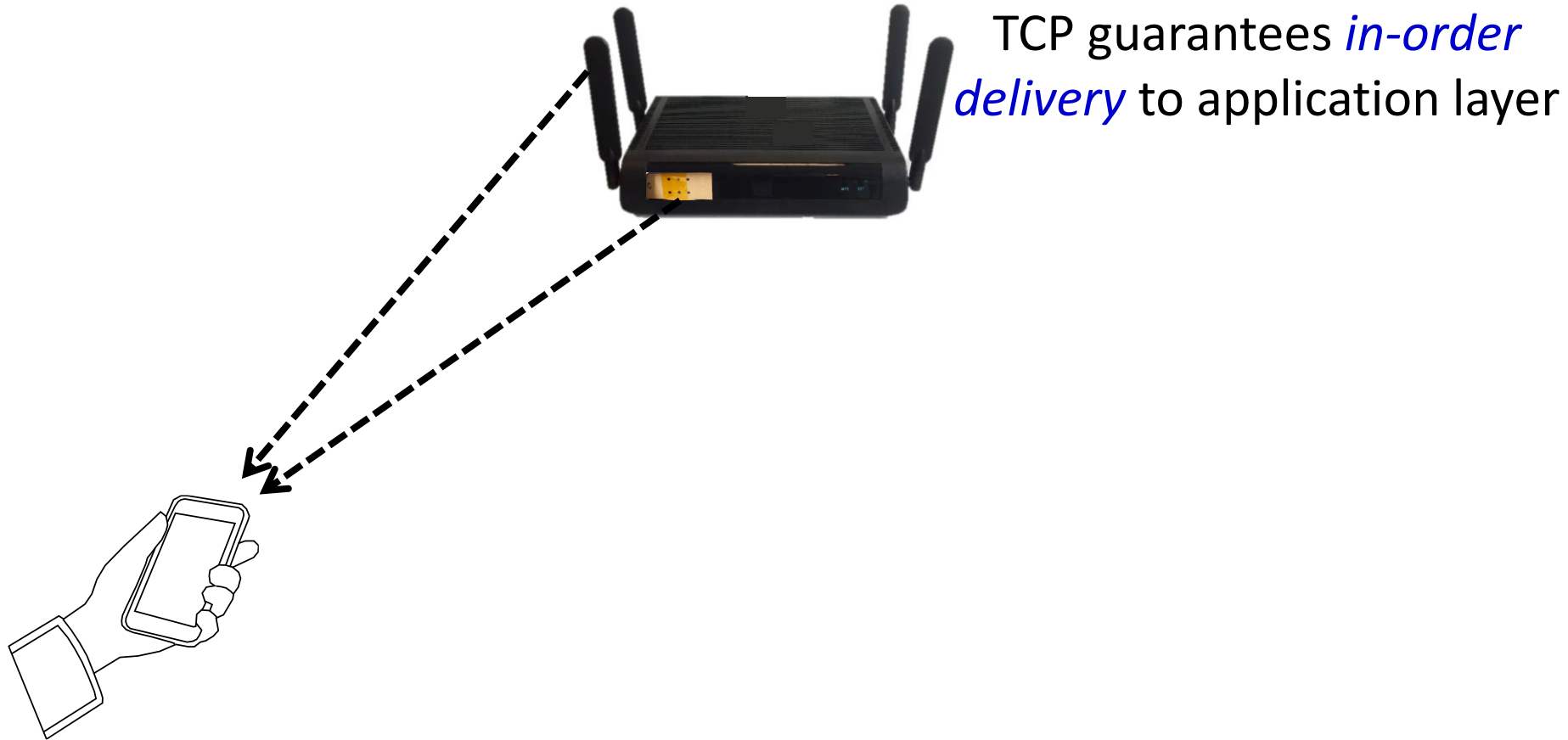
Dual transmission to avoid switching decision



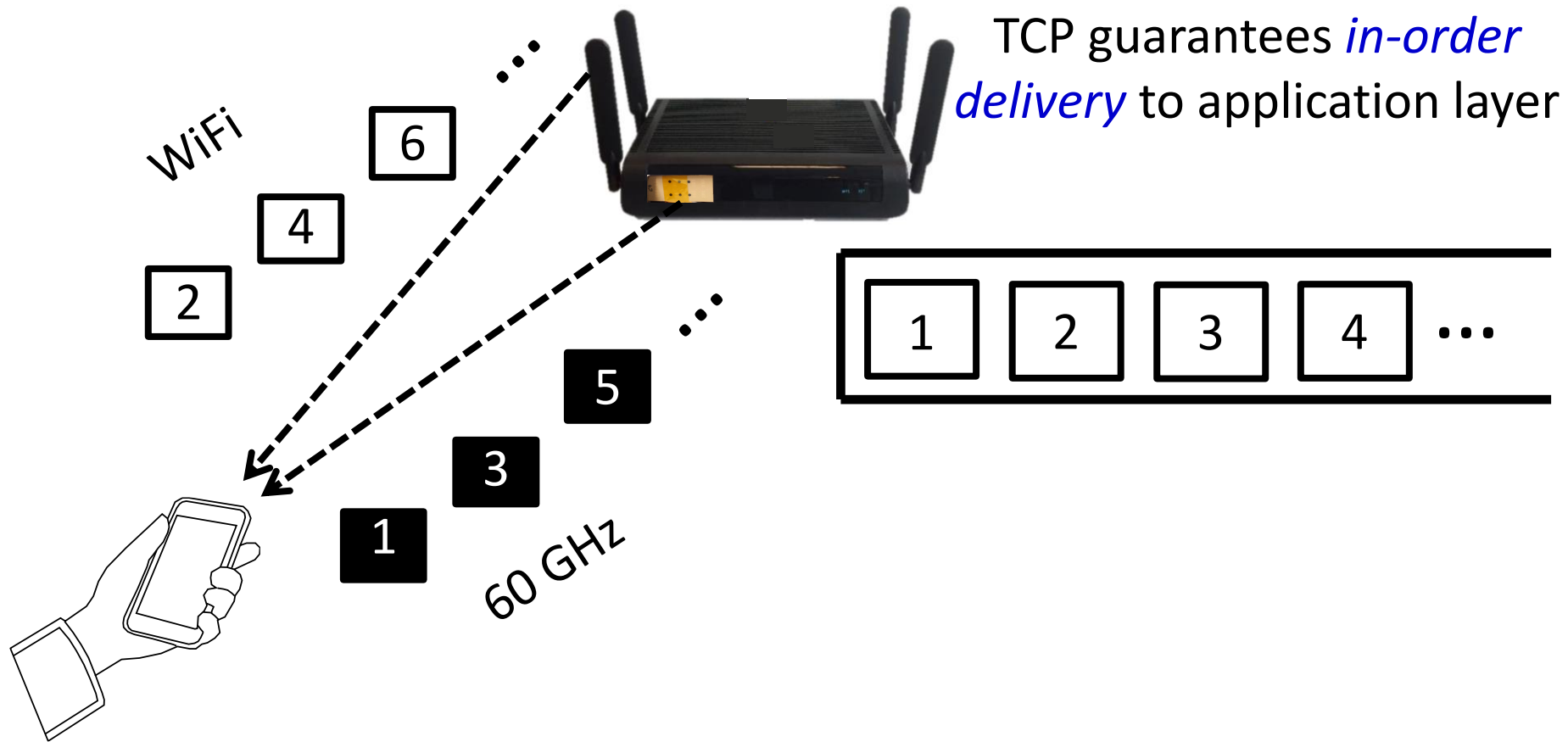
TCP throughput drops in dual transmission



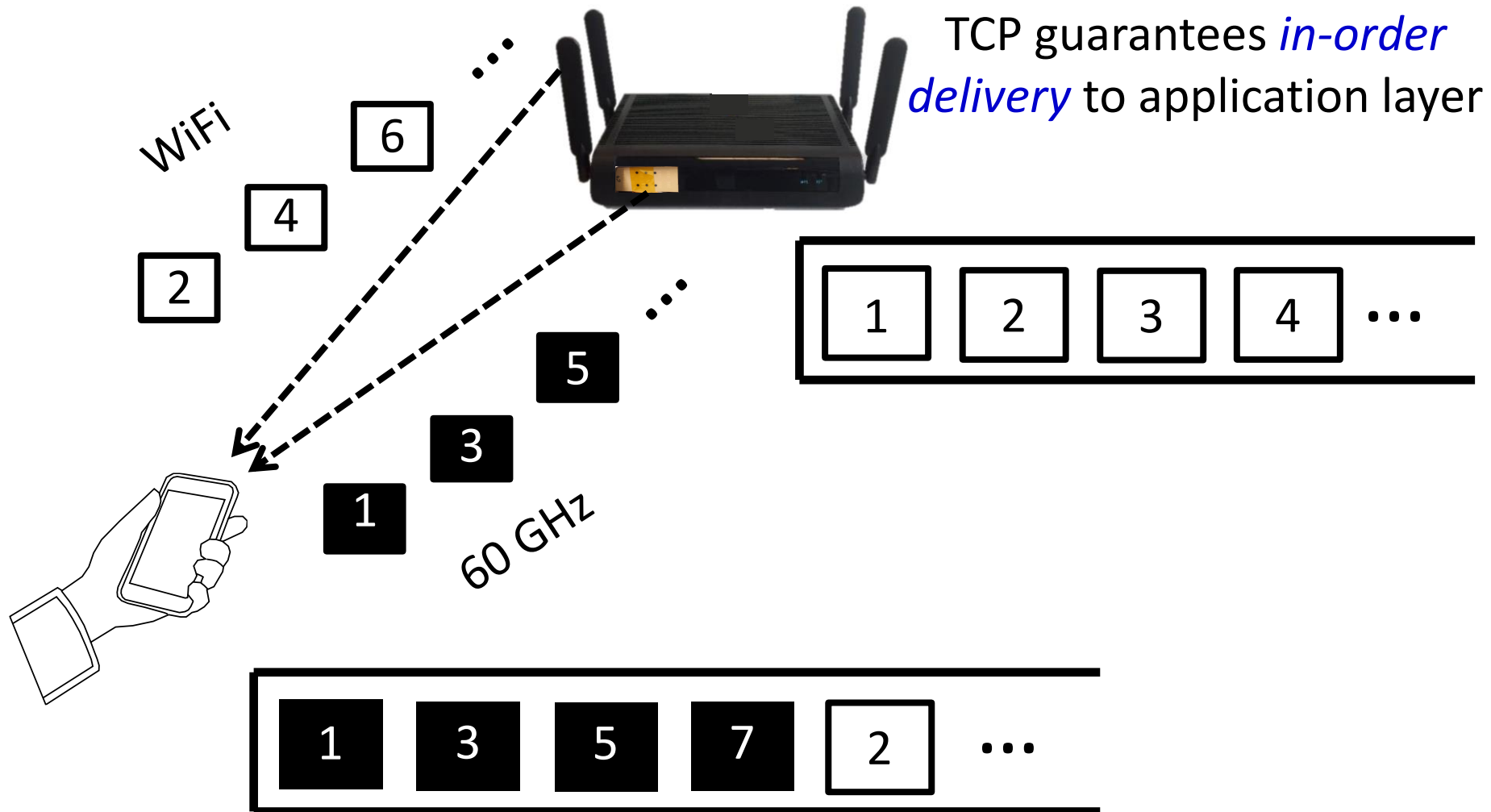
In-order TCP delivery causes throughput drop



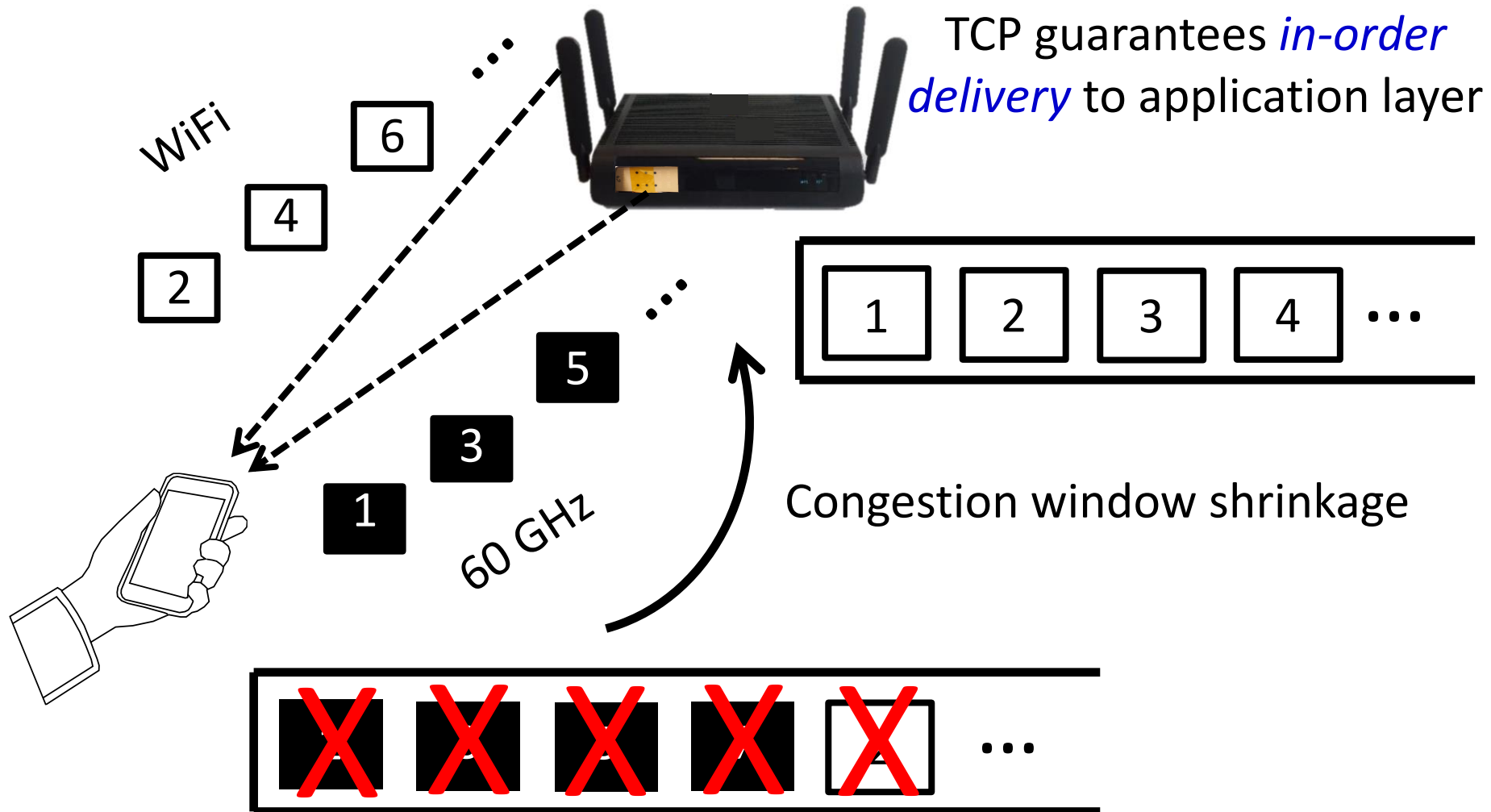
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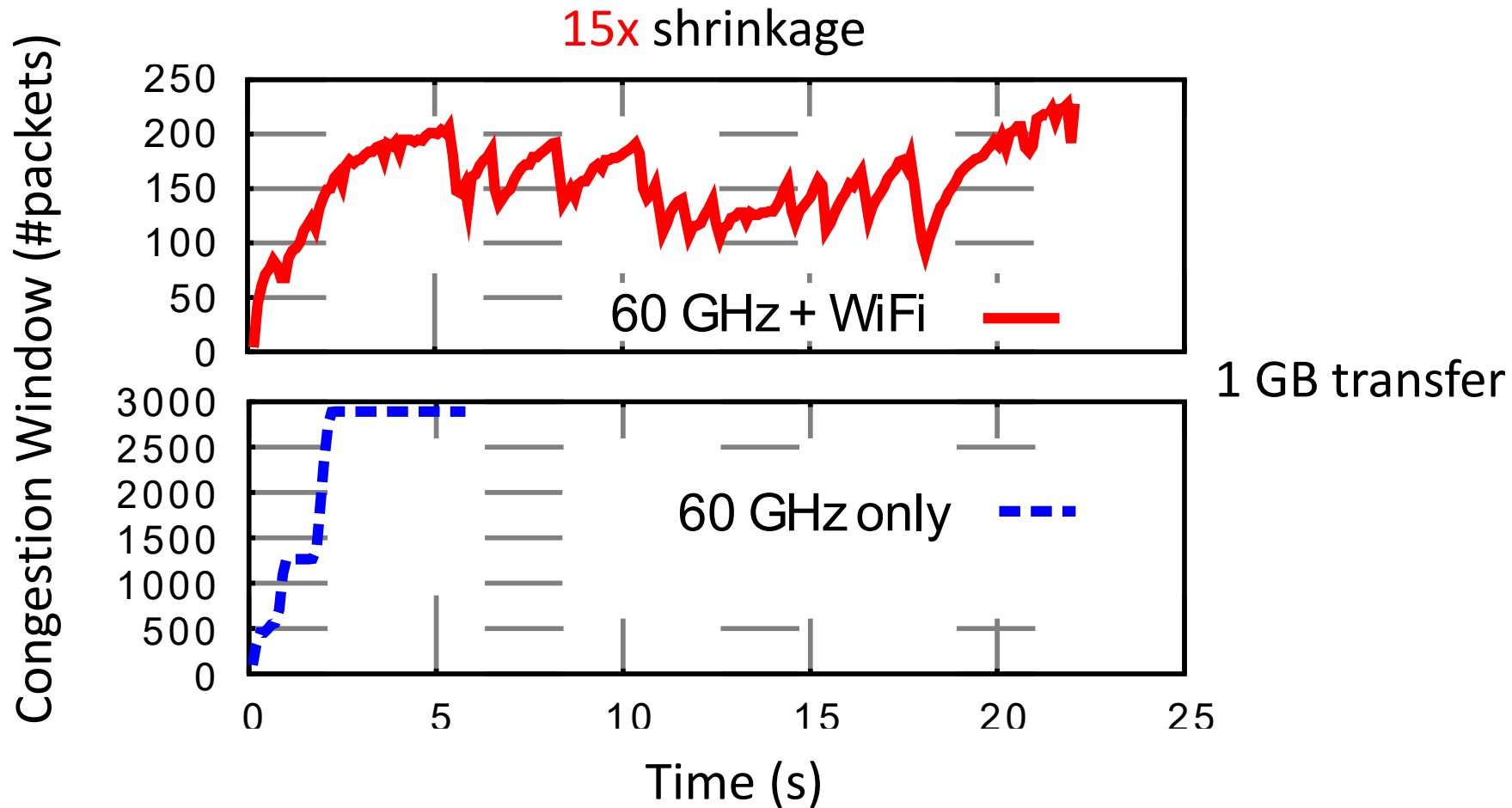
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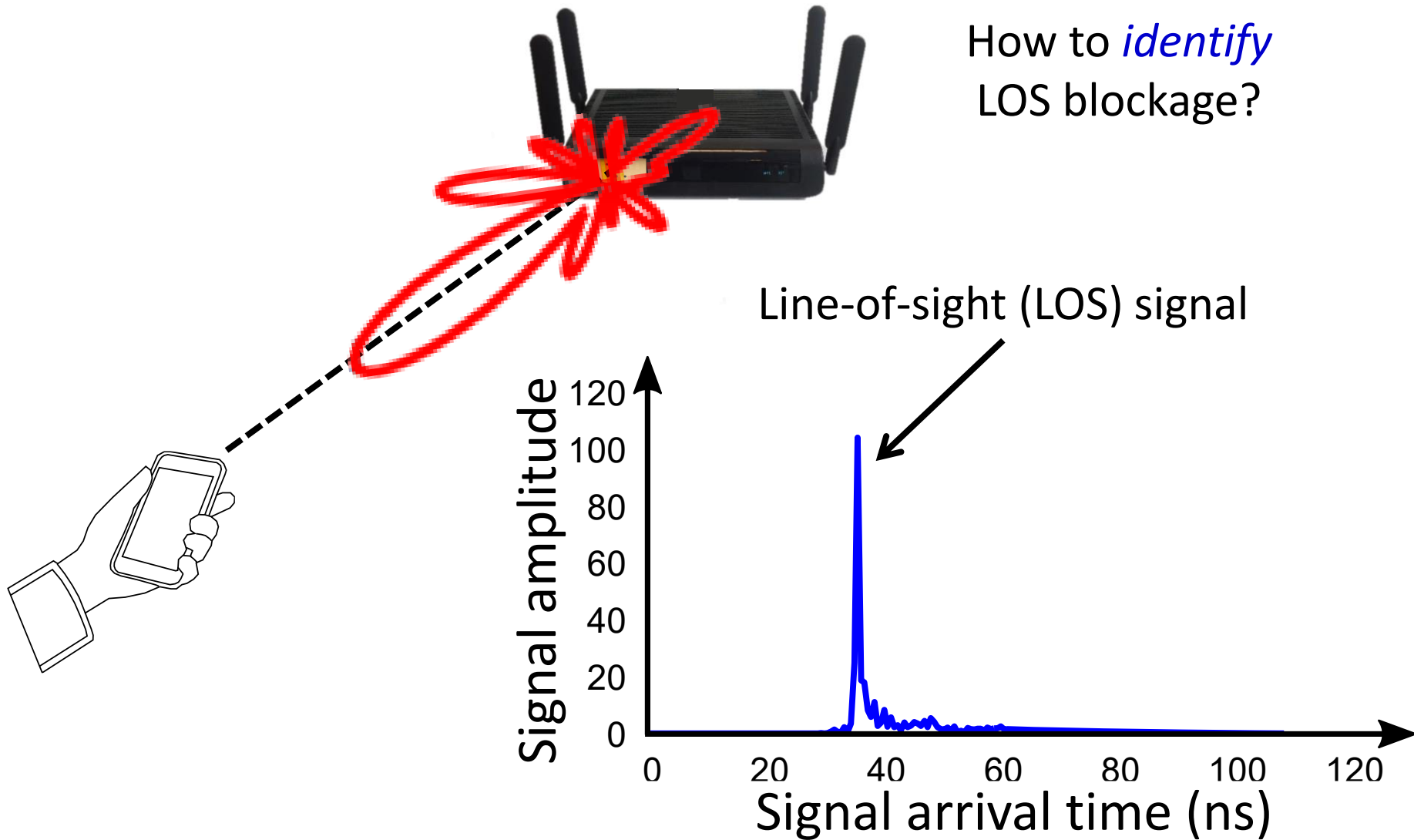


Congestion window shrinks in dual transmission

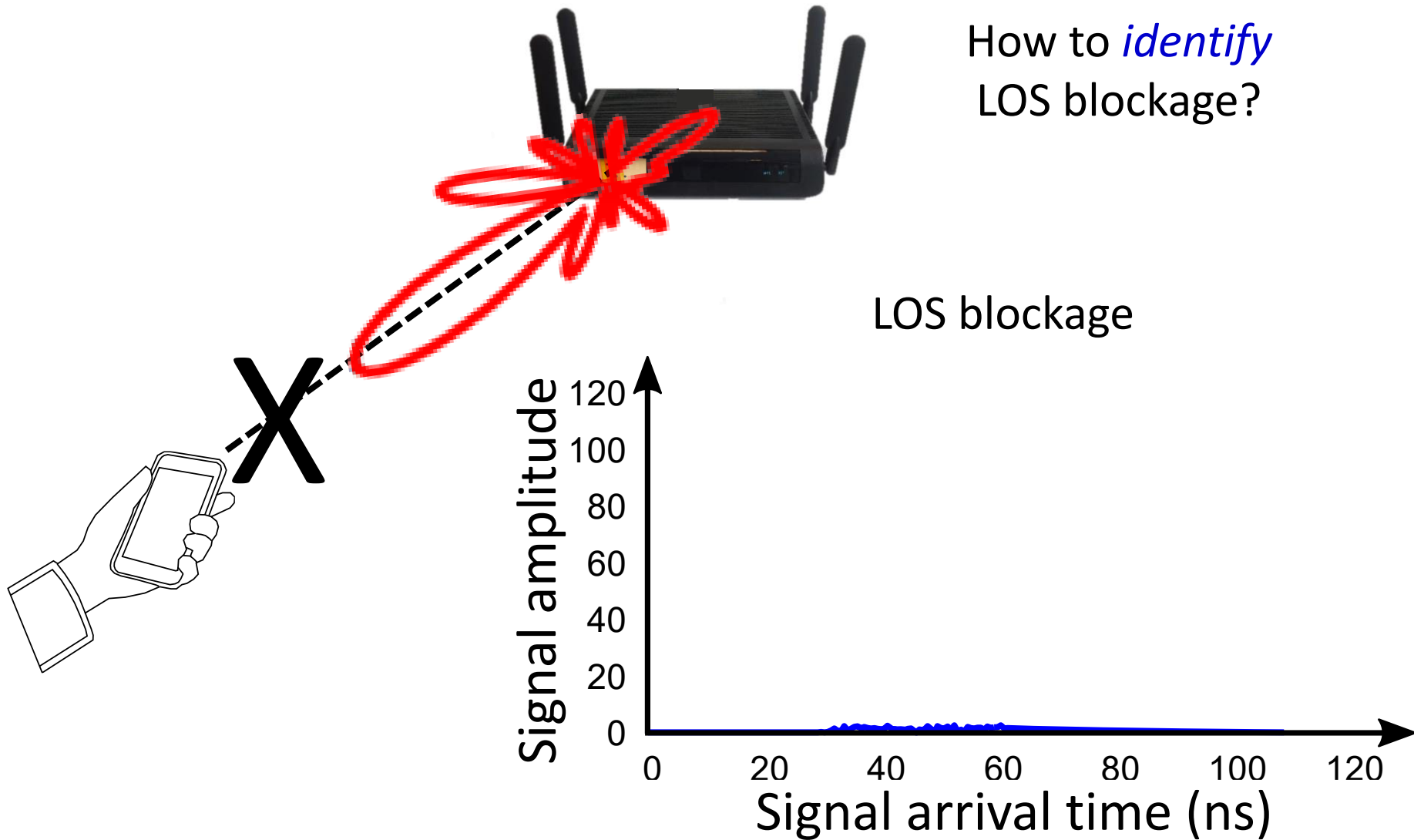


Even flow control with MPTCP causes 7~45% throughput loss

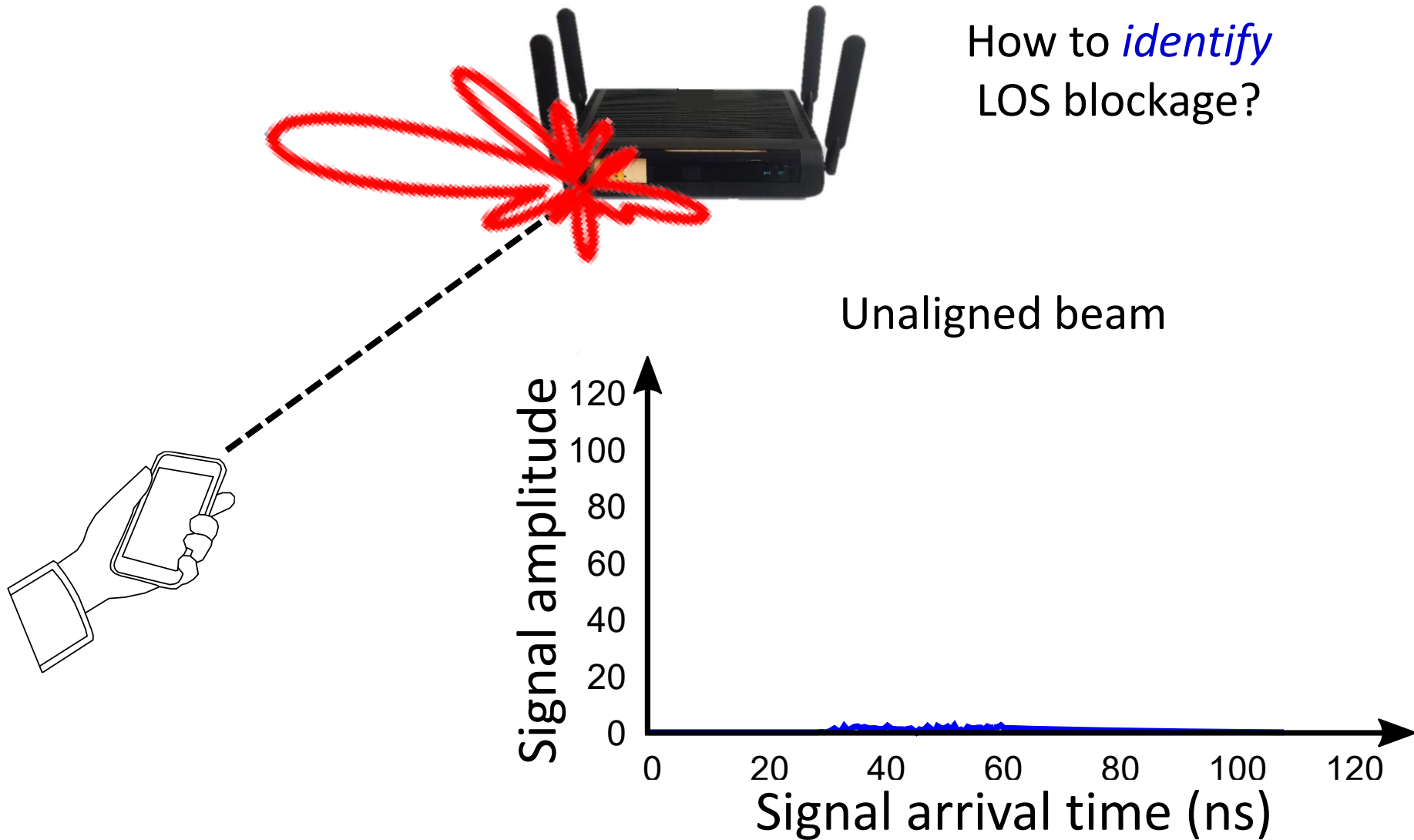
Challenge: Switching decision



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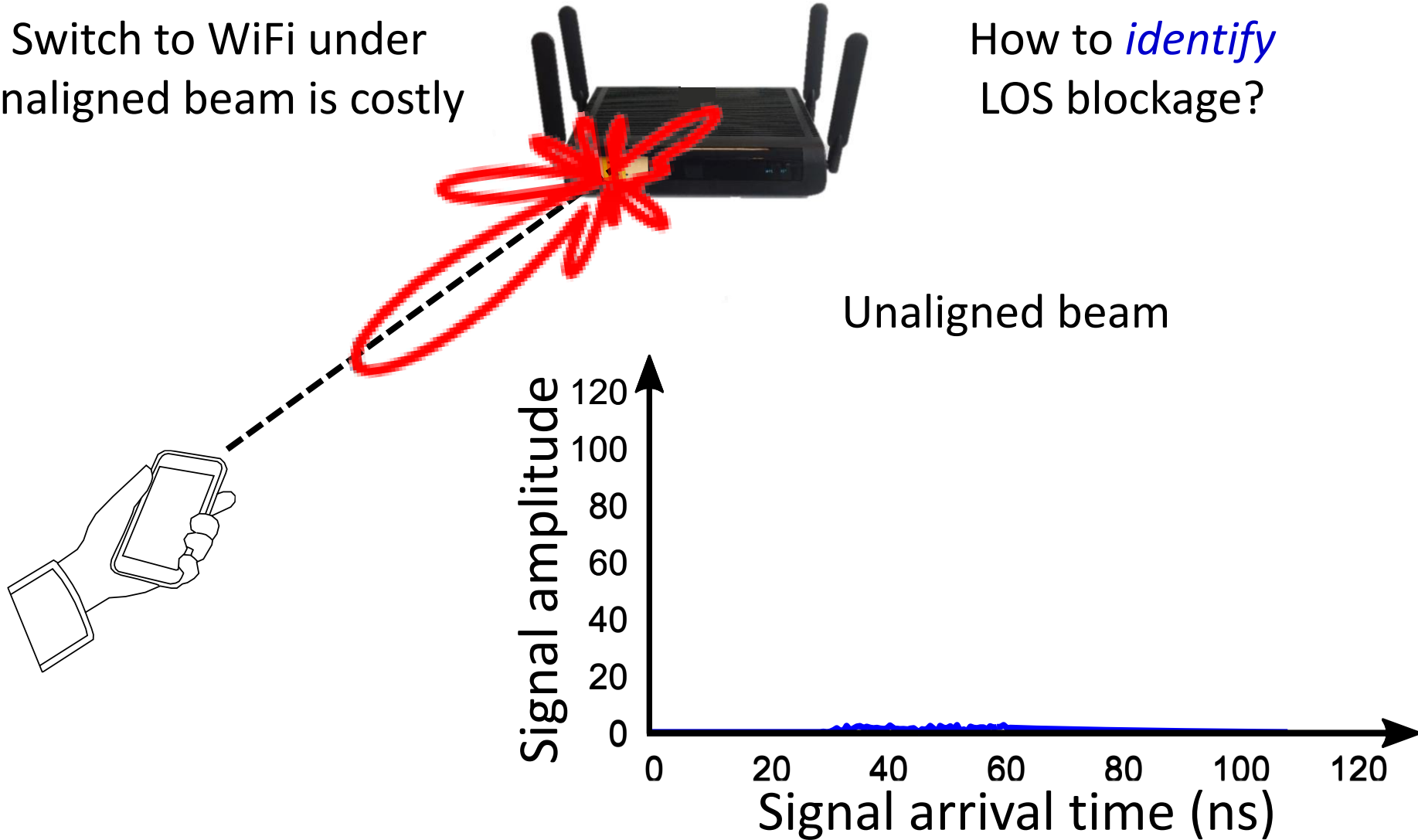
Challenge: Switching decision



Challenge: Switching decision

Switch to WiFi under
unaligned beam is costly

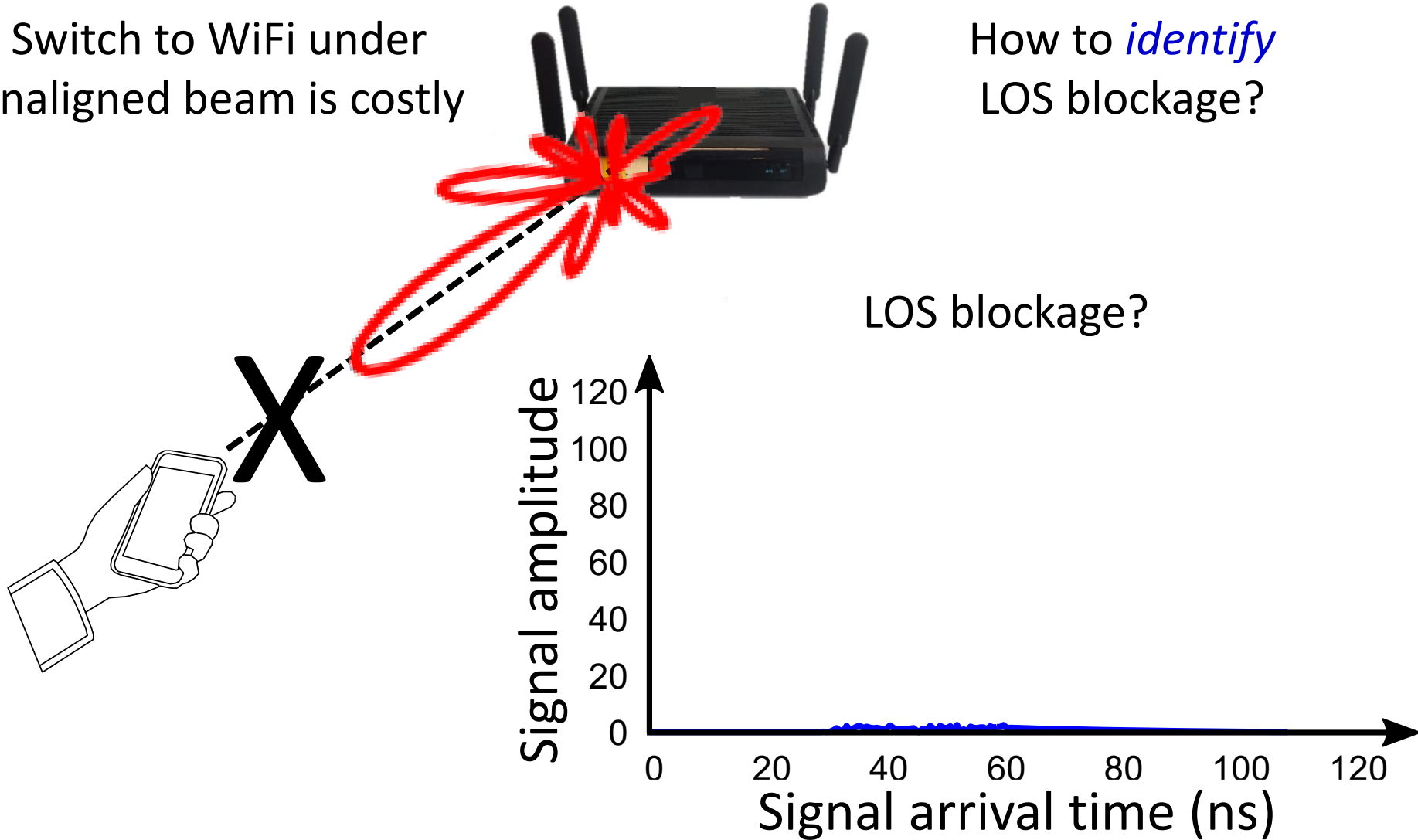
How to *identify*
LOS blockage?



Challenge: Switching decision

Switch to WiFi under
unaligned beam is costly

How to *identify*
LOS blockage?

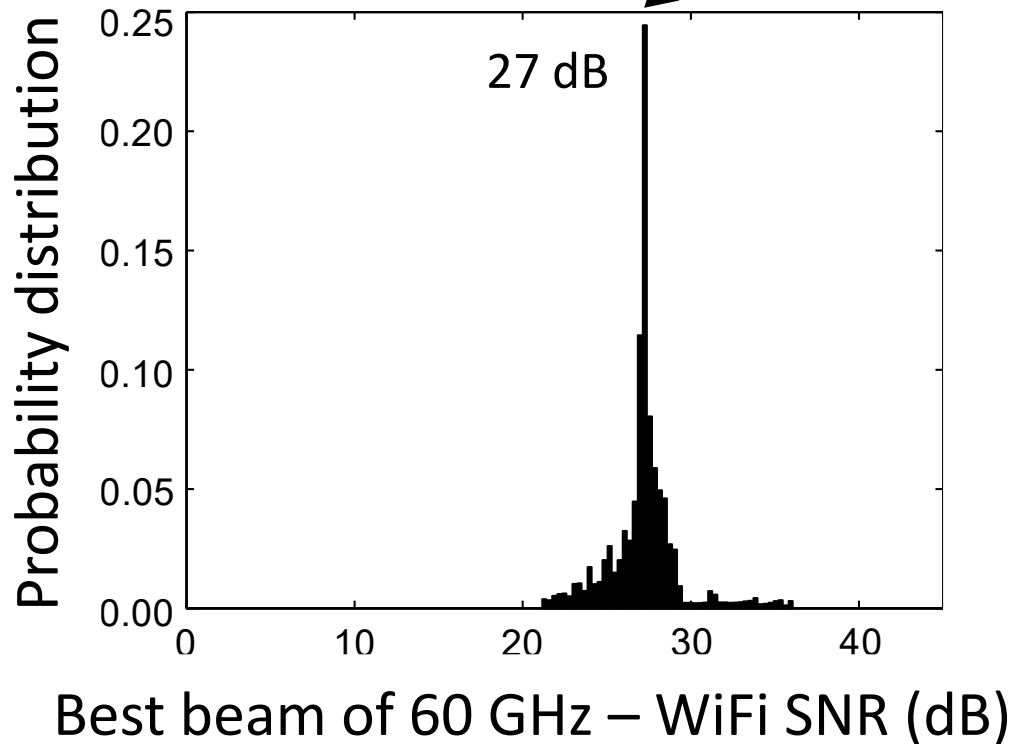
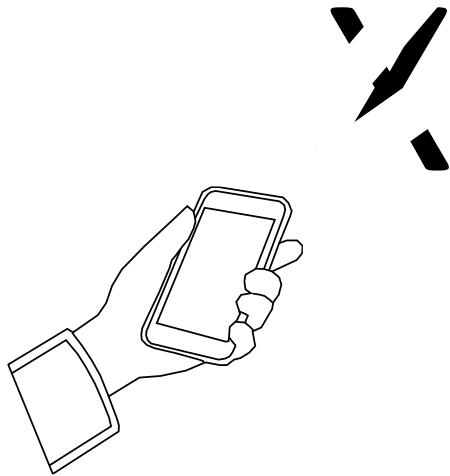


WiFi signal as hint for LOS blockage

Same blockage affect 60 GHz and WiFi *differently*

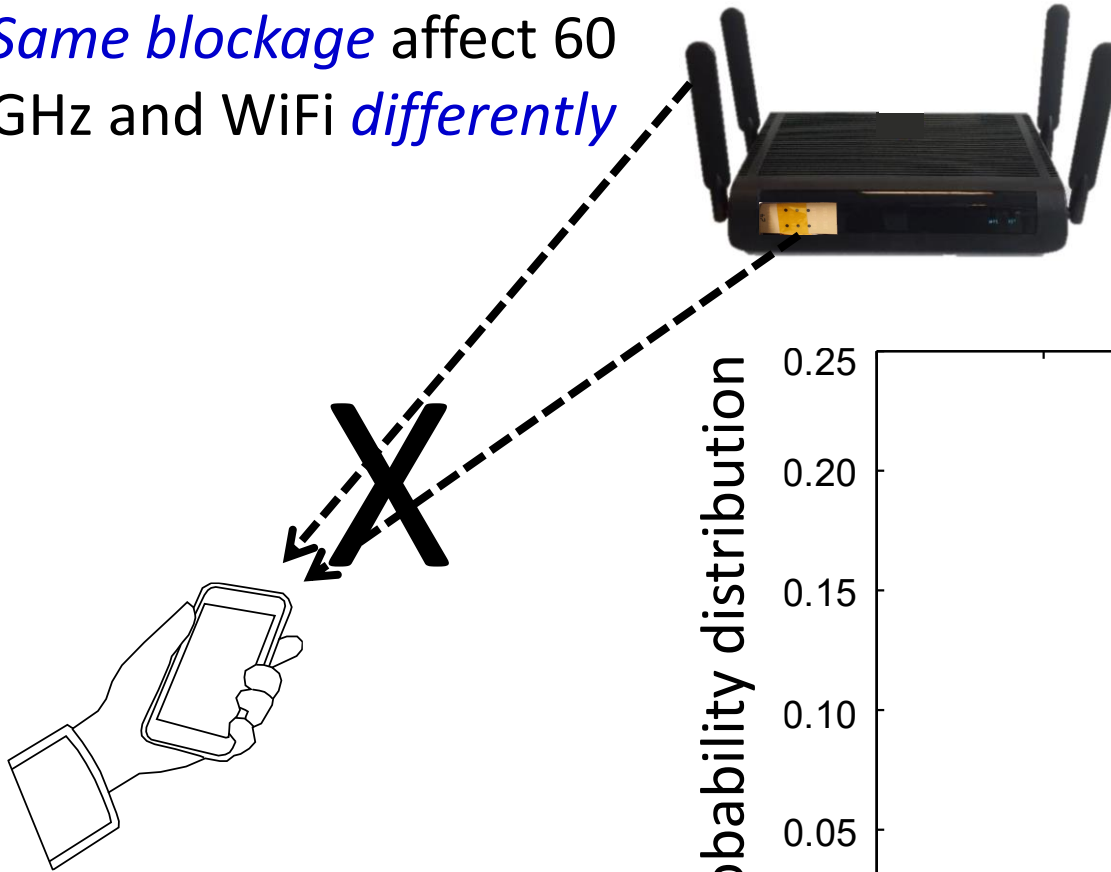


Signal strength difference
in *open LOS*

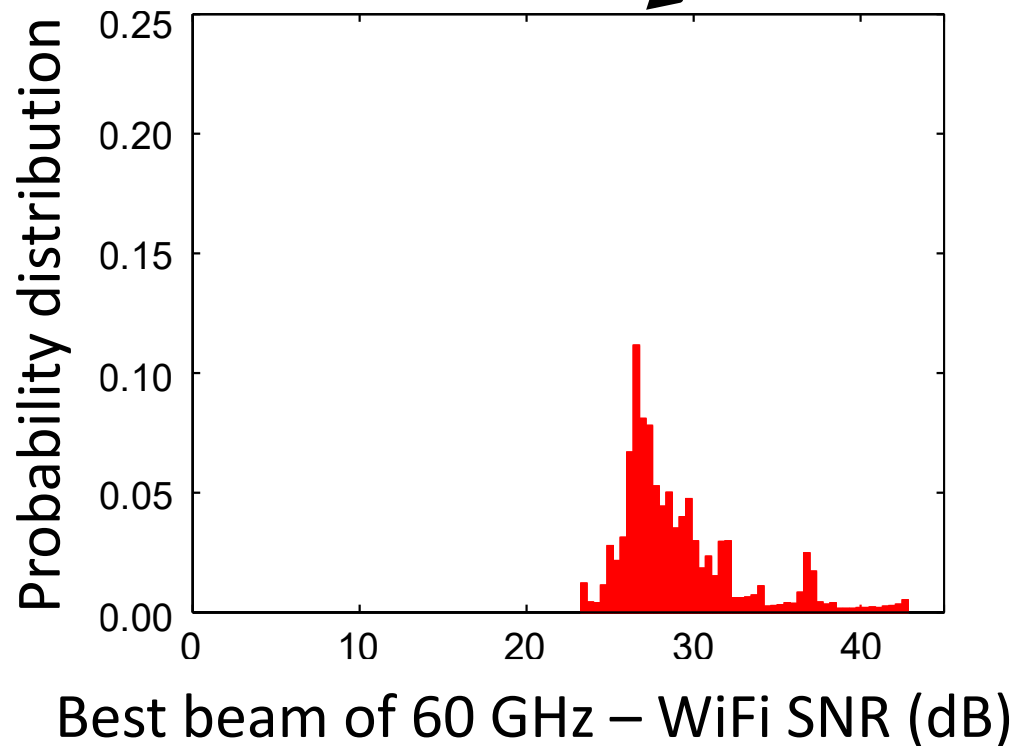


WiFi signal as hint for LOS blockage

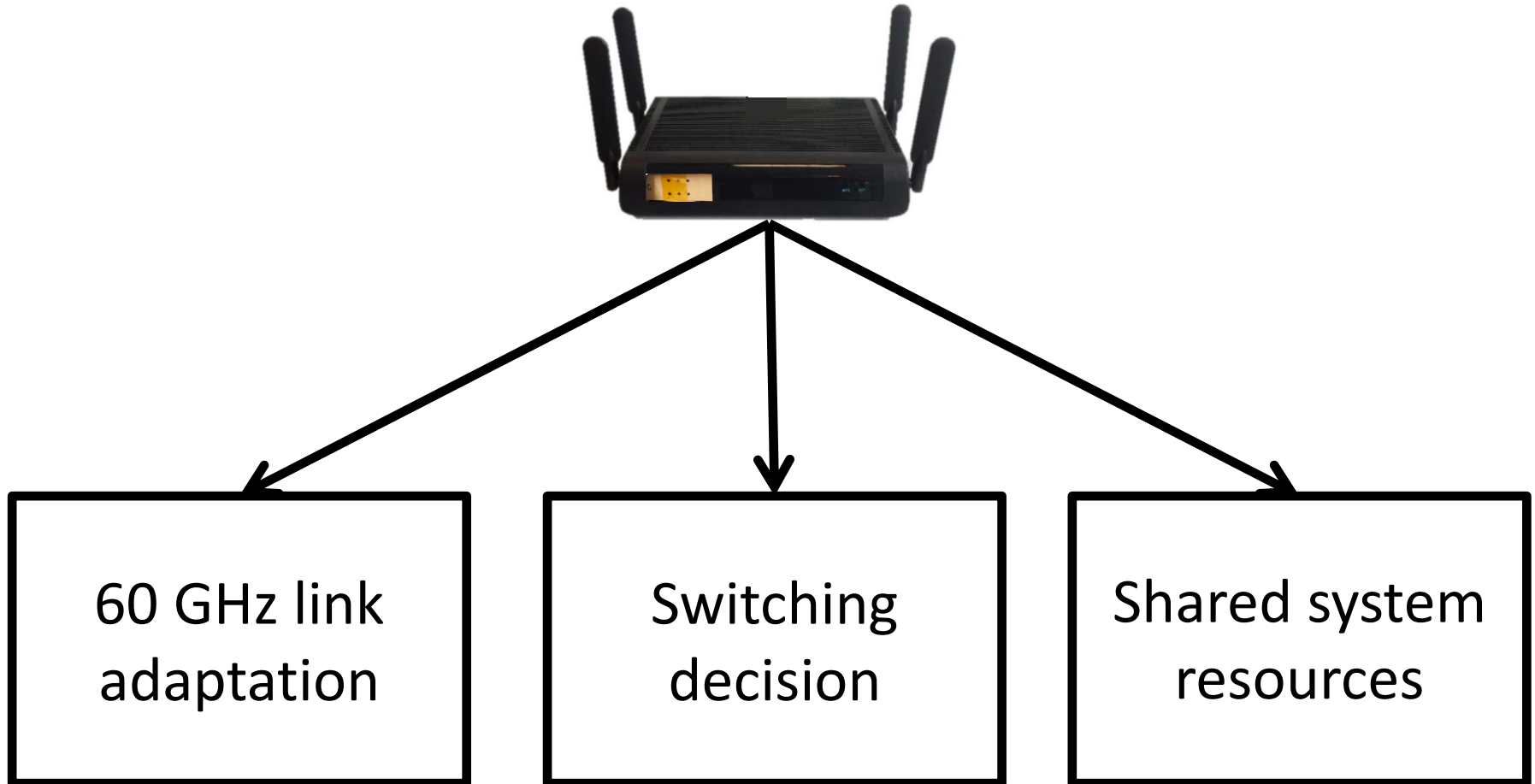
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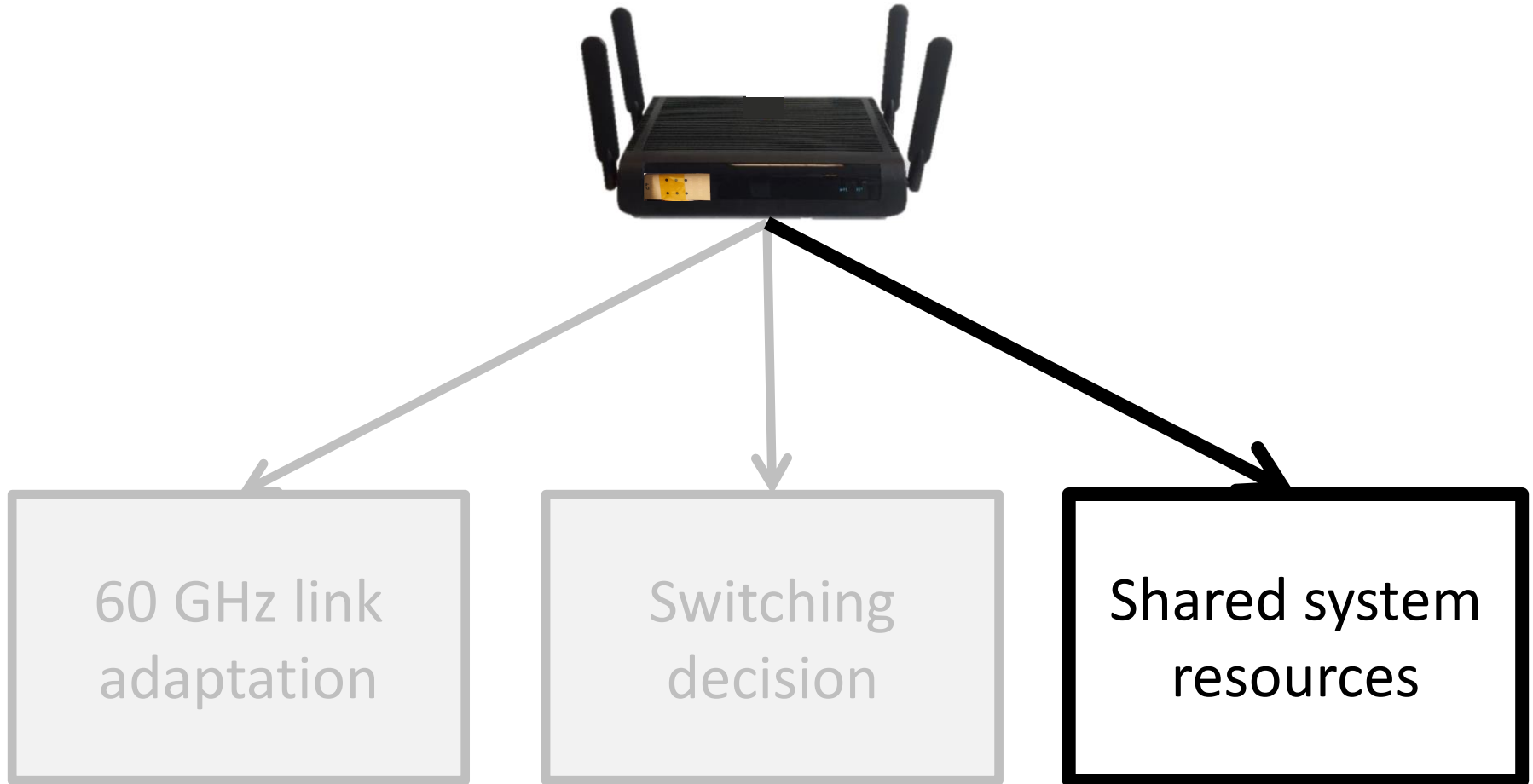
Signal strength difference
in *blocked LOS*



Challenges for multi-band cooperation



Challenges for multi-band cooperation



Challenge: Shared system resources

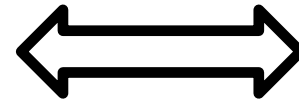


Heterogeneous interfaces stress the system differently

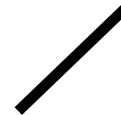
Challenge: Shared system resources



Upper network
stack, Ethernet
forwarding



To Ethernet
backhaul



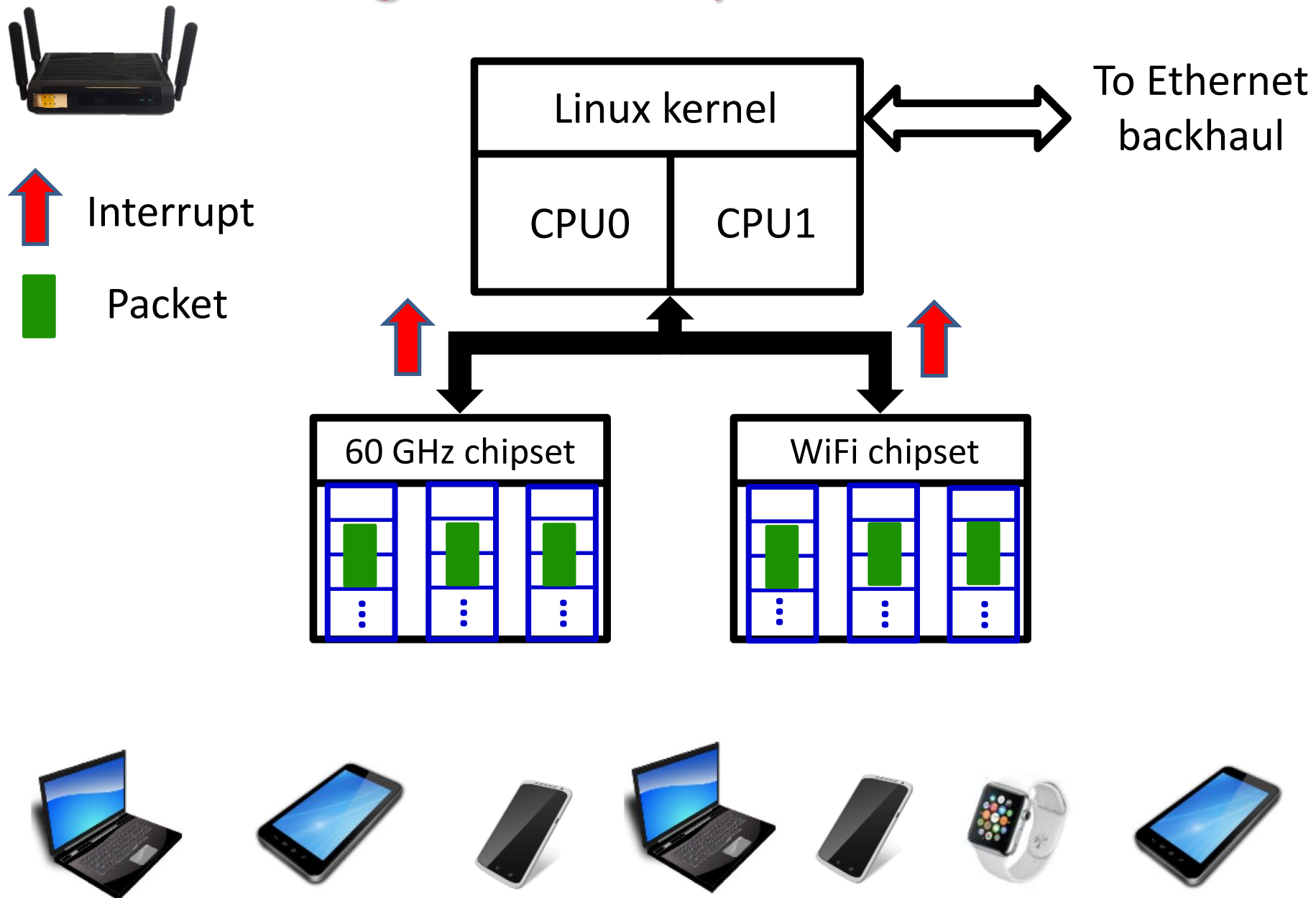
32-bit PCIe bus

Core MAC/PHY,
beam steering,
rate adaptation

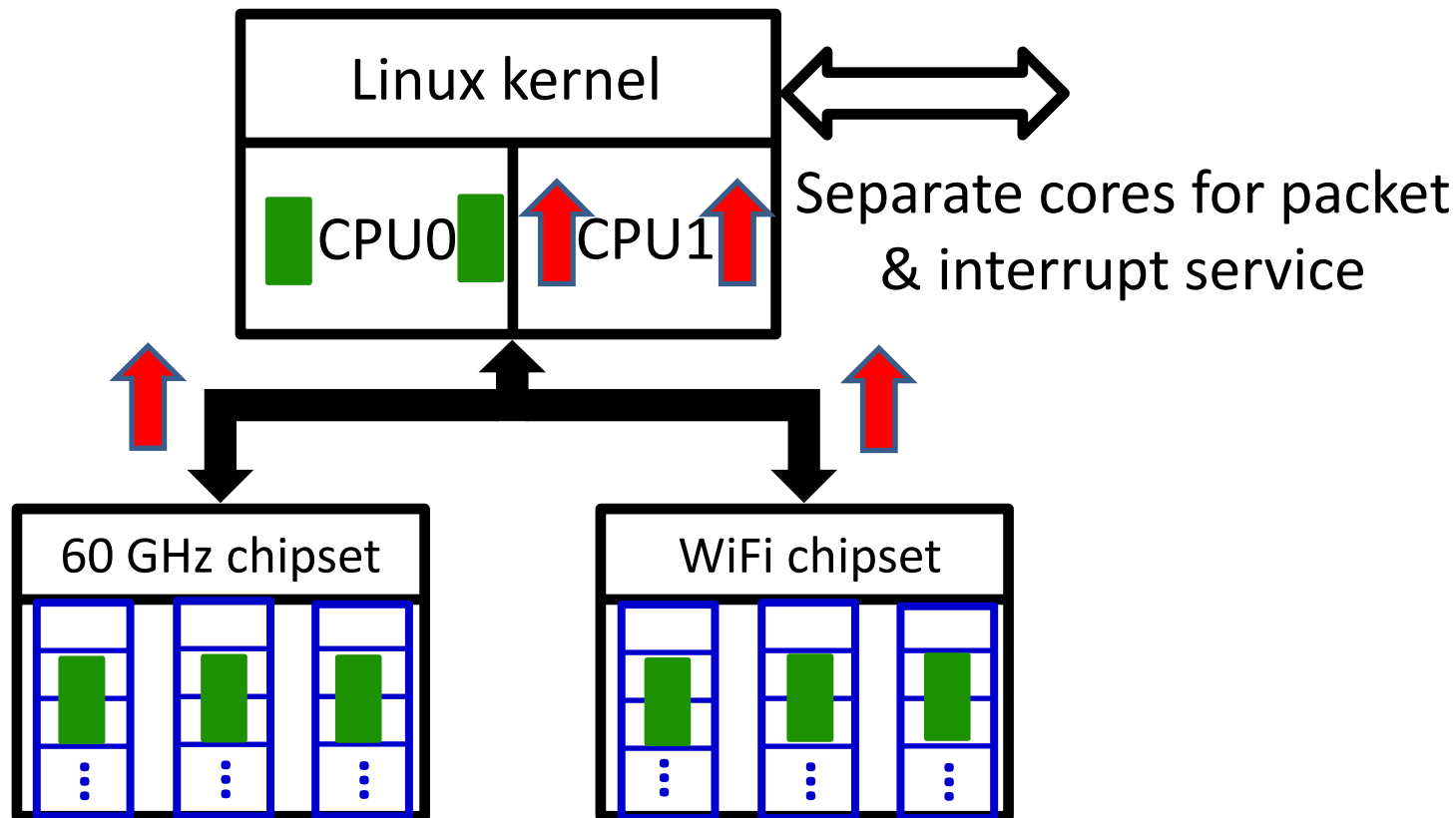
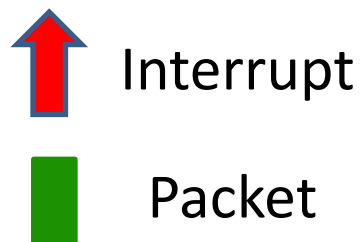
Core MAC/PHY,
user grouping,
rate selection



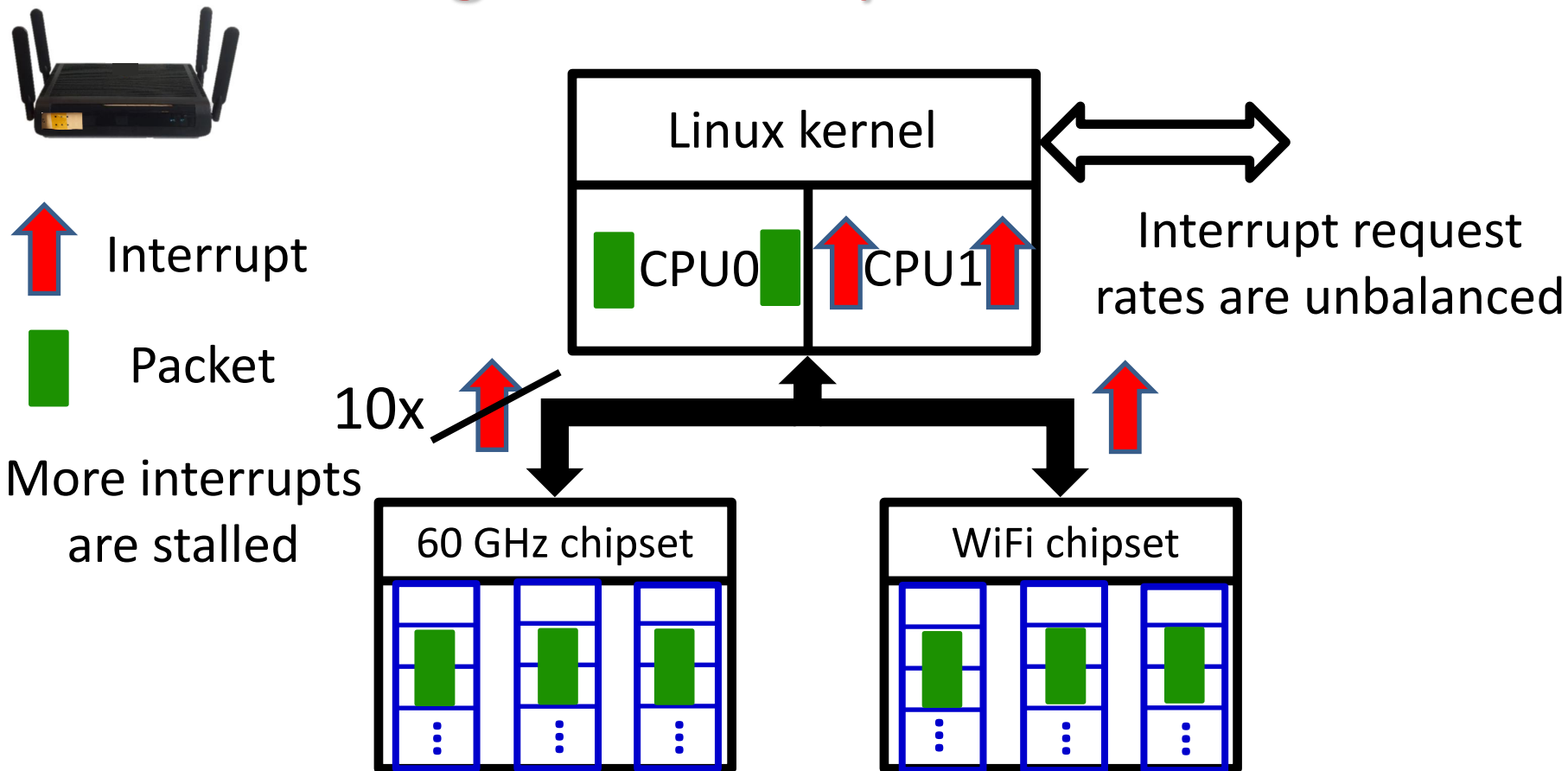
Challenge: Shared system resources



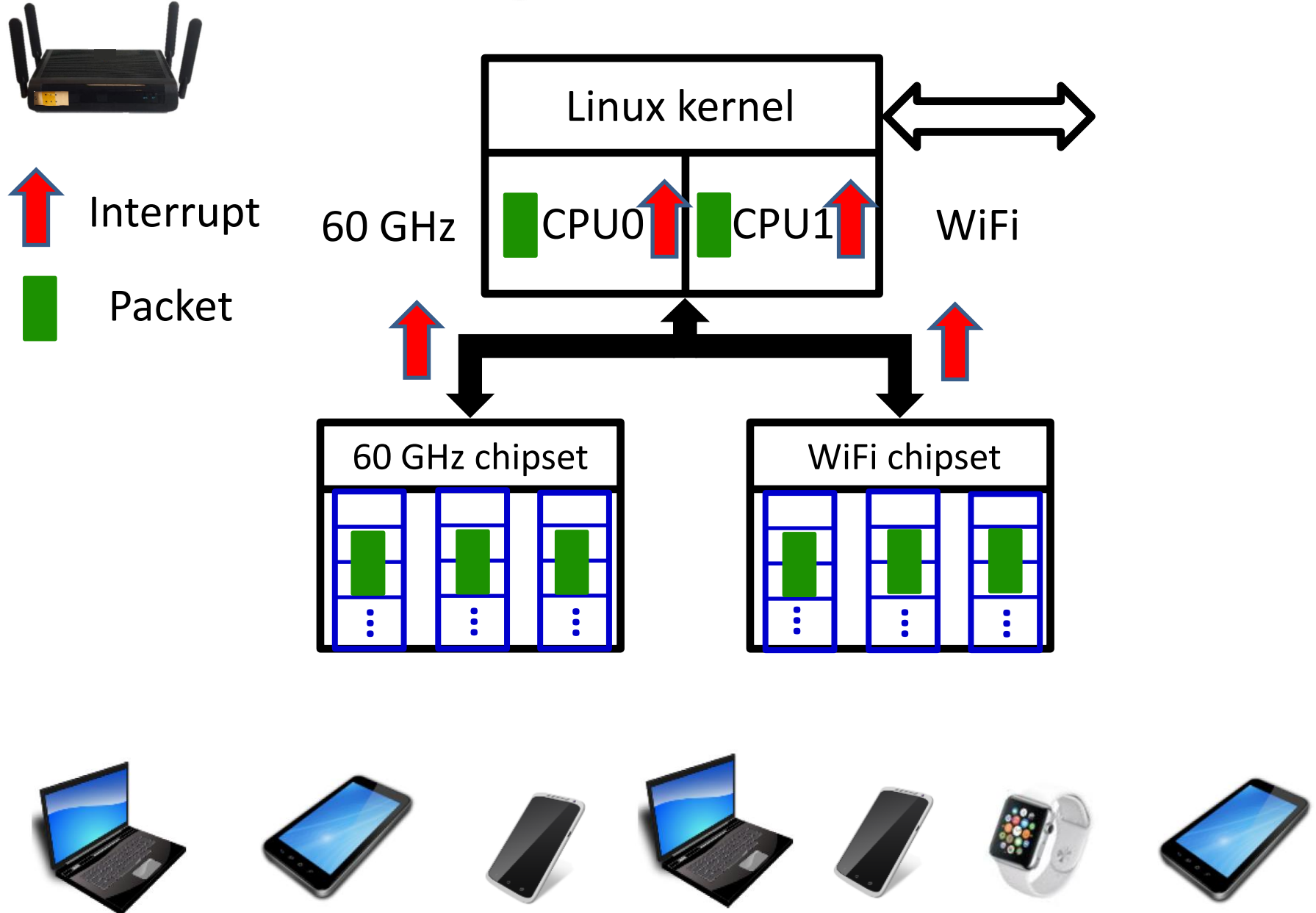
Challenge: Shared system resources



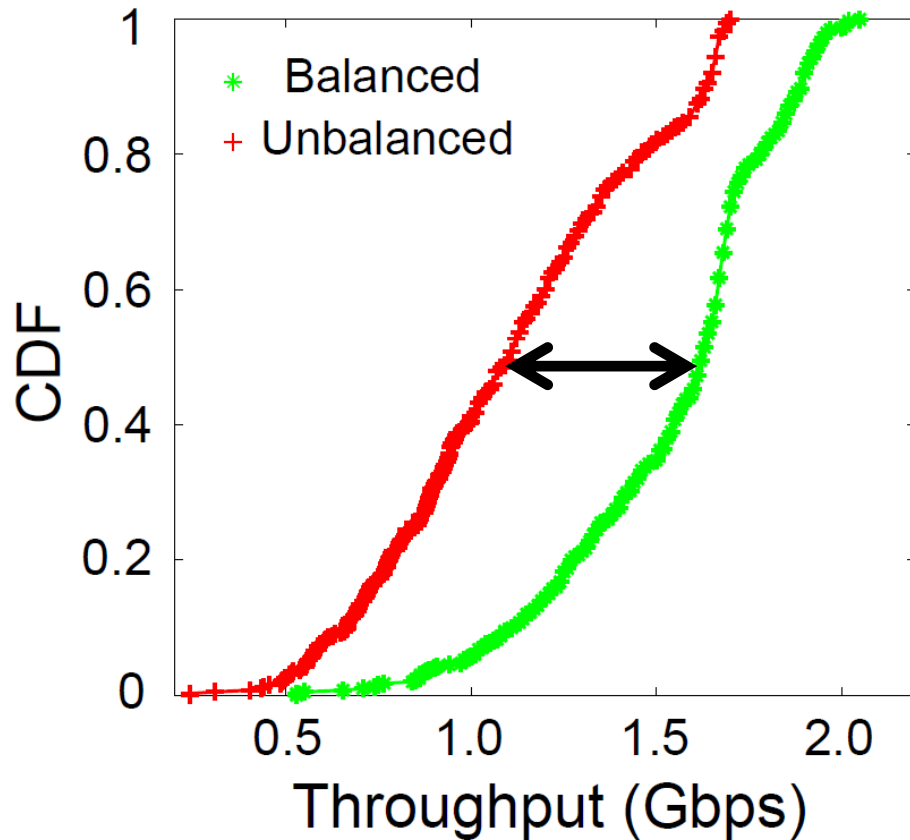
Challenge: Shared system resources



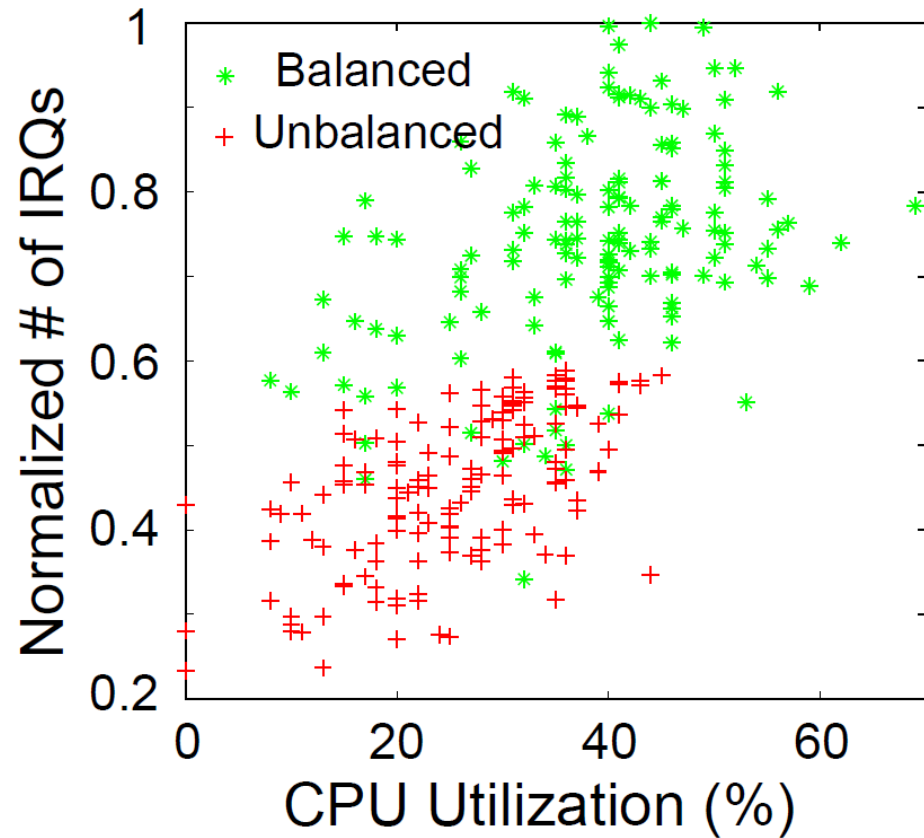
Balanced assignment: Interface to core



Balanced assignment improves efficiency

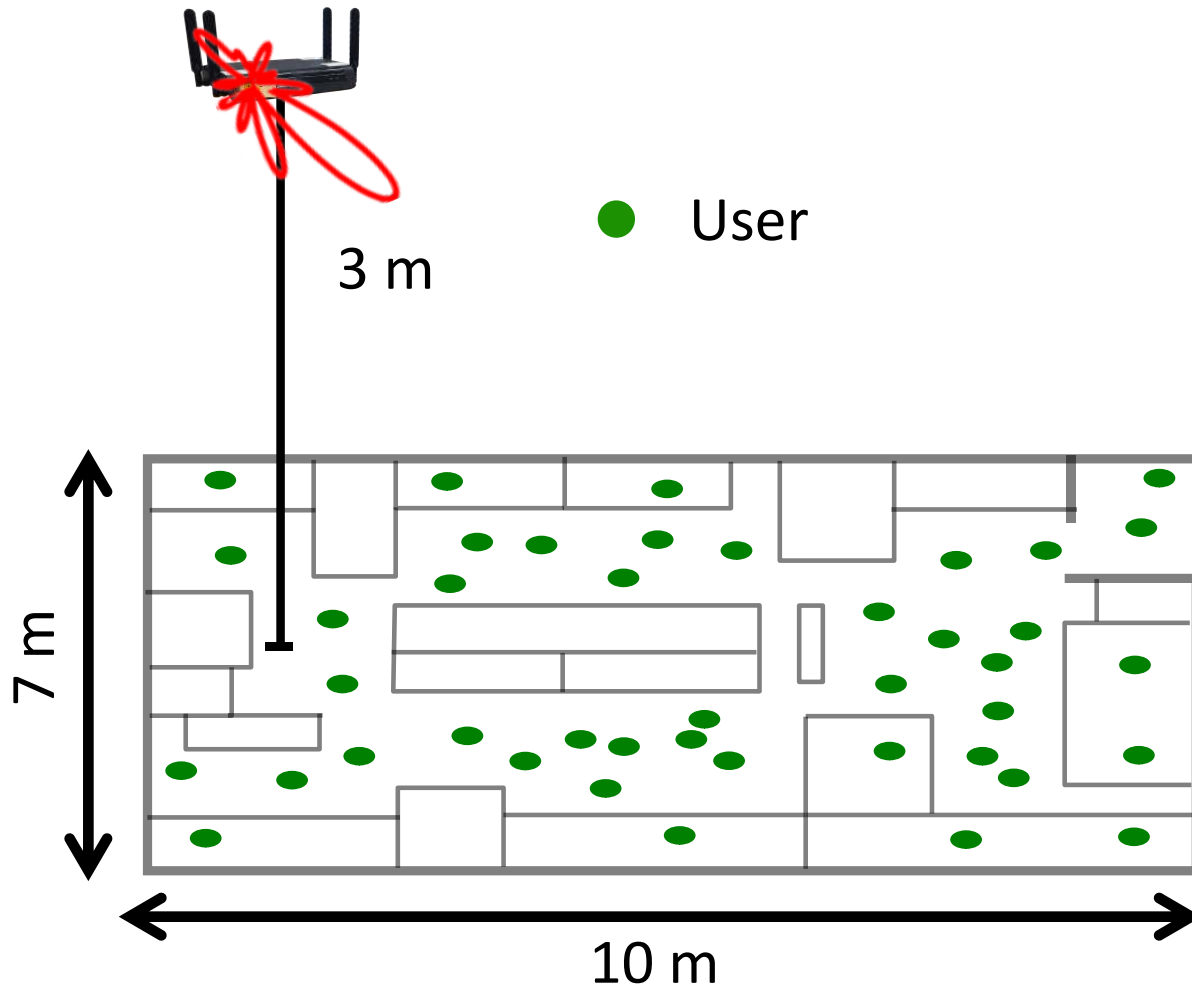


Median **0.5 Gbps**
throughput increase



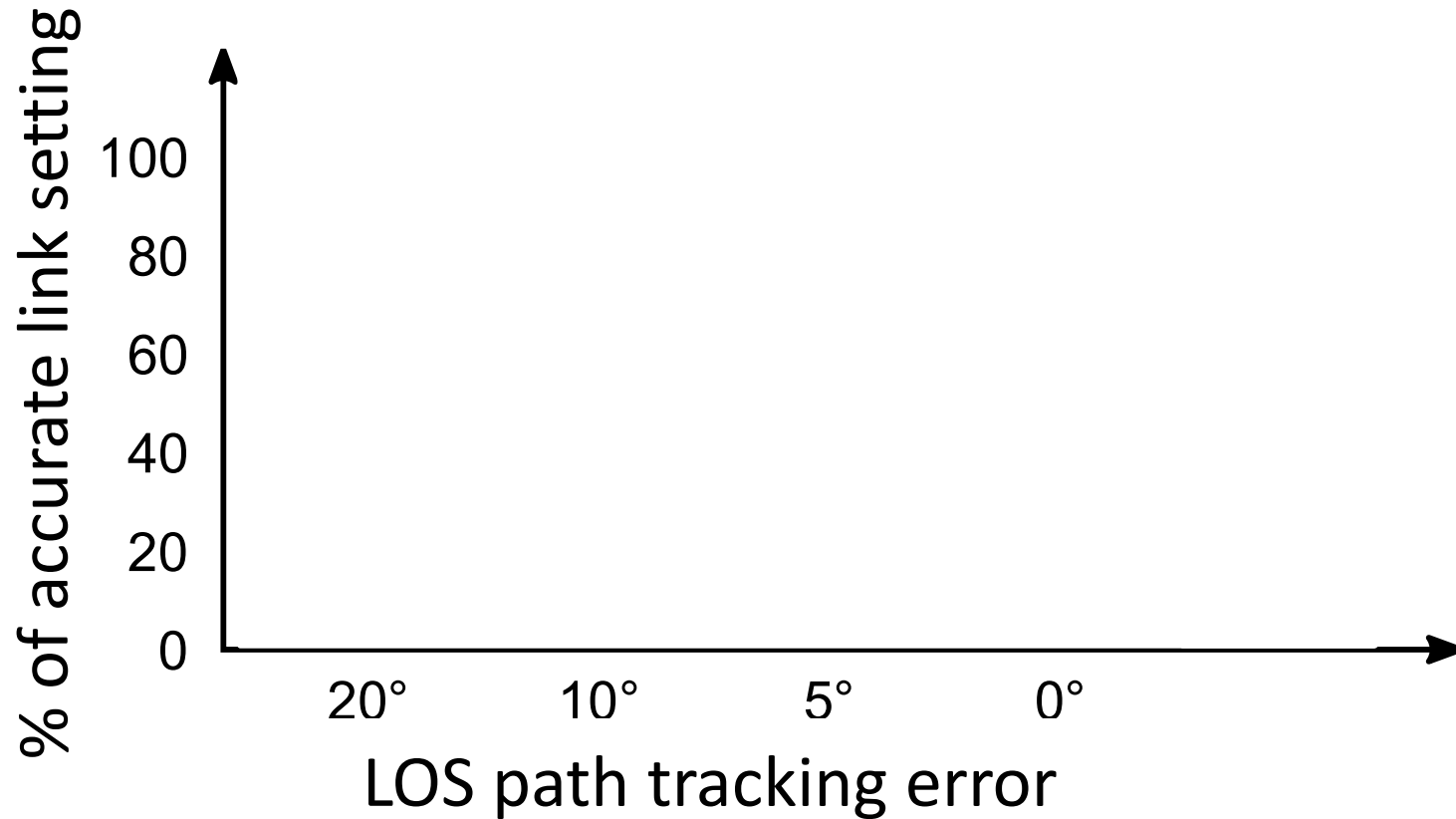
2x increase in CPU utilization
& interrupt servicing

Experimental setup and evaluation



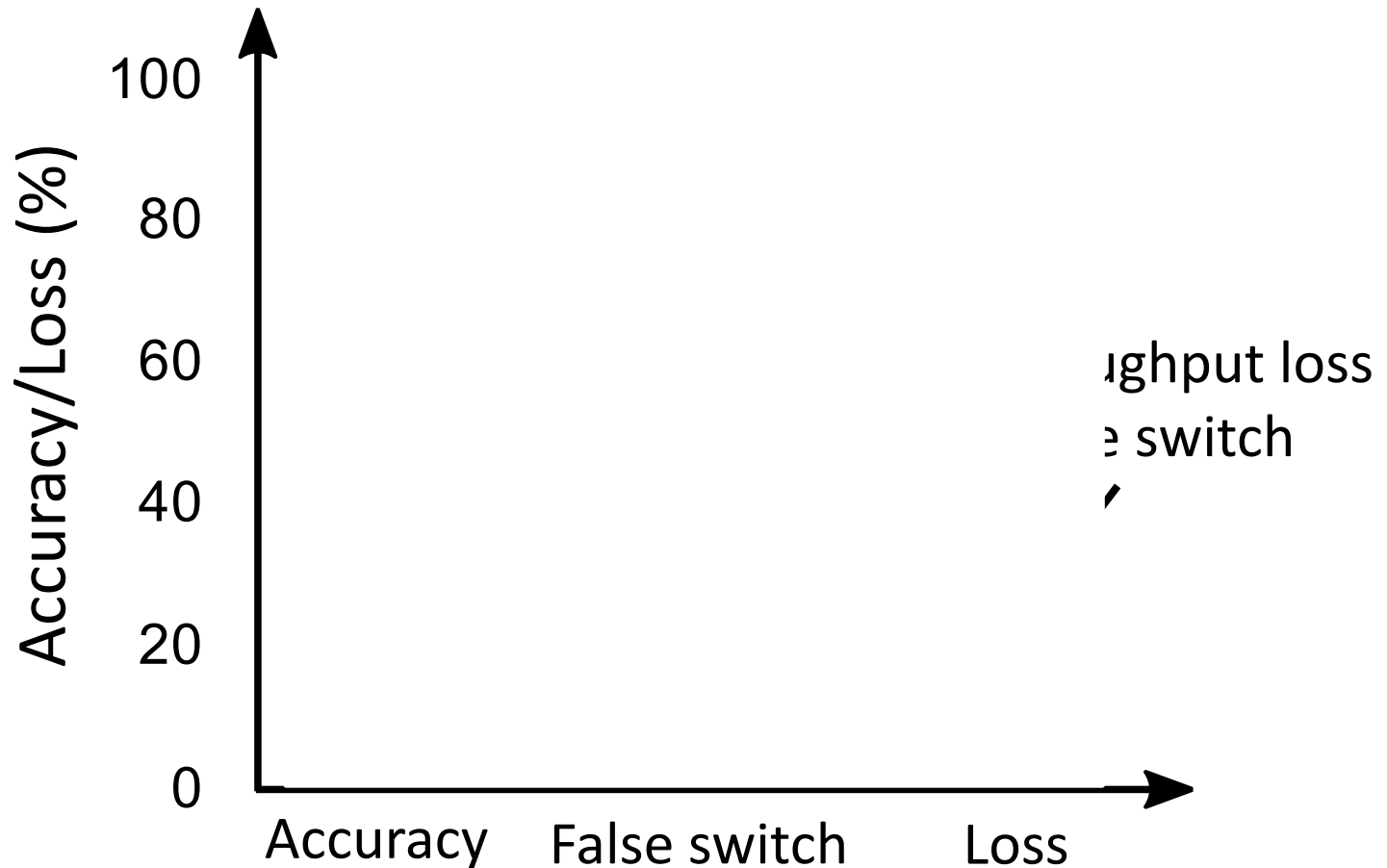
- 60 GHz follows IEEE 802.11ad
- 32 antenna array, up to 64 beams
- WiFi follows IEEE 802.11ac MU-MIMO

WiFi-assisted LOS path tracking



71% accuracy with 1~2 ms measurement overhead

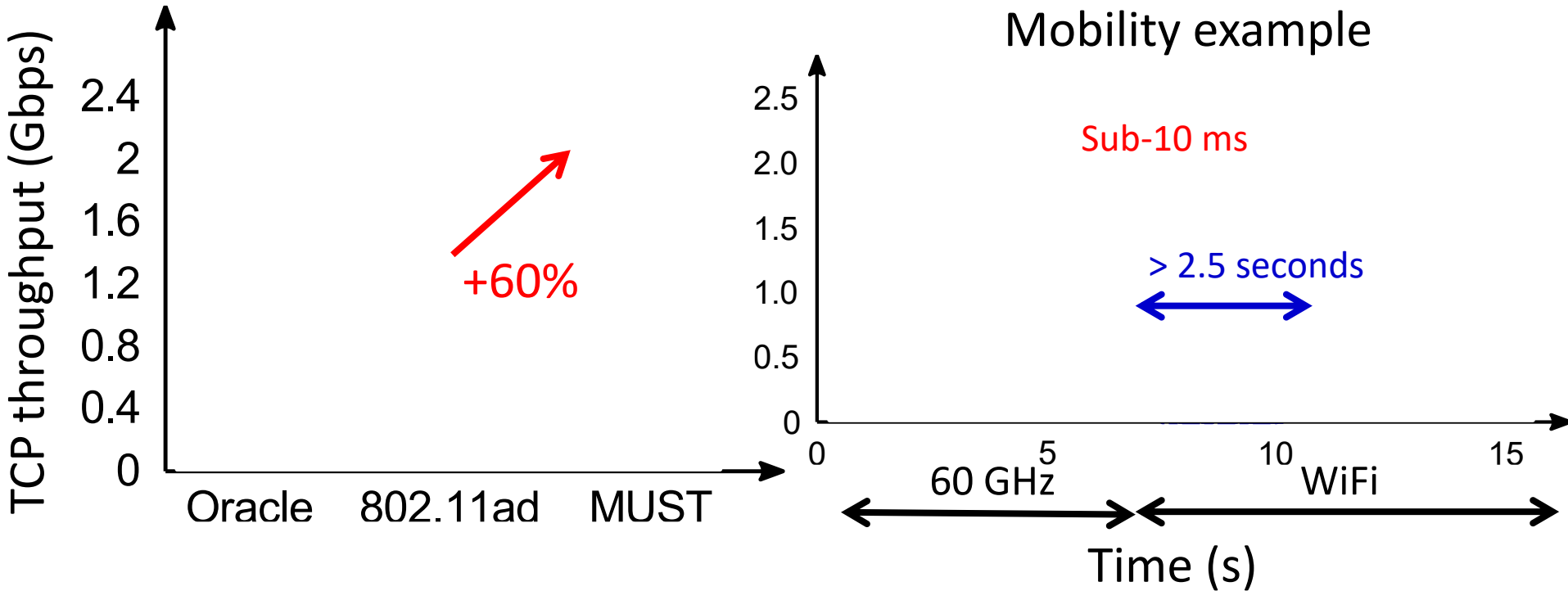
Switching accuracy and latency



Accuracy & loss of identifying the best interface

Sub-10 ms switching latency

MUST gains



Average 60% throughput gain with two orders of magnitude switching latency improvement

Takeaways

Implications of MUST

Multi-band architecture is must to deploy 60 GHz/millimeter-wave in the wild

MUST introduces optimizations across link, protocol and system stack for potential immediate deployment

MUST in summary

A multi-band cooperation to make 60 GHz stable

- * Faster adaptation at 60 GHz interface
- * Sub-10 ms 60 GHz to WiFi coordination
- * Real-time and standard-compliant